



ZP1-F Series Installation Manual

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Version	This document applies to ZP1-F Series control panels with software version 2.0 or later.
Certification	
European Union directives	1999/5/EC (R&TTE directive): Hereby, UTC Fire & Security declares that this device is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.
	 2002/96/EC (WEEE directive): Products marked with this symbol cannot be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste in the European Union. For proper recycling, return this product to your local supplier upon the purchase of equivalent new equipment, or dispose of it at designated collection points. For more information see: www.recyclethis.info.
	 2006/66/EC (battery directive): This product contains a battery that cannot be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste in the European Union. See the product documentation for specific battery information. The battery is marked with this symbol, which may include lettering to indicate cadmium (Cd), lead (Pb), or mercury (Hg). For proper recycling, return the battery to your supplier or to a designated collection point. For more information see: www.recyclethis.info.
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Important information

This is the installation manual for ZP1-F Series conventional fire control panels. Read these instructions and all related documentation entirely before installing or operating this product.

Software compatibility

Information in this document applies to control panels with software version 2.0 or later. This document must not be used as a guide to installation, configuration, or operation of control panels with an earlier software version. For instructions on how to check the software version of your control panel, see “Software, configuration, and serial number information” on page 48.

Advisory messages

Advisory messages alert you to conditions or practices that can cause unwanted results. The advisory messages used in this document are shown and described below.

WARNING: Warning messages advise you of hazards that could result in injury or loss of life. They tell you which actions to take or to avoid in order to prevent the injury or loss of life.

Caution: Caution messages advise you of possible equipment damage. They tell you which actions to take or to avoid in order to prevent the damage.

Note: Note messages advise you of the possible loss of time or effort. They describe how to avoid the loss. Notes are also used to point out important information that you should read.

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To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, in no event will UTCFS be liable for any lost profits or business opportunities, loss of use, business interruption, loss of data, or any other indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages under any theory of liability, whether based in contract, tort, negligence, product liability, or otherwise. Because some jurisdictions do not allow the exclusion or limitation of liability for consequential or incidental damages the preceding limitation may not apply to you. In any event the total liability of UTCFS shall not exceed the purchase price of the product. The foregoing limitation will apply to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, regardless of whether UTCFS has been advised of the possibility of such damages and regardless of whether any remedy fails of its essential purpose.

Installation in accordance with this manual, applicable codes, and the instructions of the authority having jurisdiction is mandatory.

While every precaution has been taken during the preparation of this manual to ensure the accuracy of its contents, UTCFS assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions.

Chapter 1

Introduction

Summary

This chapter provides an introduction to your control panel and the available operating modes.

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Product range

The ZP1-F Series includes the models shown below.

Model	Description
ZP1-F2	Two-zone conventional fire alarm control panel
ZP1-F4	Four-zone conventional fire alarm control panel with fire routing
ZP1-F8	Eight-zone conventional fire alarm control panel with fire routing

All models have been designed in accordance with EN 54-2, EN 54-4, BS 5839-1, NBN S 21-100, and NEN 2535 standards. For further details, see Appendix B “Product compliance” on page 89.

Product compatibility

Products compatible with this control panel are specified in the supplied compatibility list. Compatibility with products that are not listed in that document cannot be guaranteed.

For further details contact your local supplier.

Operating modes

Supported operating modes are shown in the table below. The default operating mode is EN 54-2 (with EN 54-13 supervision disabled).

Table 1: Operating modes

Operating mode	EN 54-13 option available [1]	Region
EN 54-2 (default)	Yes	European Union
EN 54-2 Evacuation	Yes	European Union (Spain)
EN 54-2 Scandinavia	Yes	European Union (Scandinavia)
BS 5839-1 (No 2nd stage)	No	United Kingdom
BS 5839-1 (2nd stage)	No	United Kingdom
NBN S 21-100	Yes	Belgium
NEN 2535 [2]	Yes	The Netherlands

[1] EN 54-13 supervision requires compatible system wiring and devices and must be enabled by the installer in the control panel configuration.

[2] Requires a 2010-1-SB expansion board to be installed (not supplied).

Chapter 2

Installation

Summary

This chapter explains how to install your control panel, and how to connect zones, fire system devices, and the power supply.

Note: This product must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel adhering to the CEN/TS 54-14 standard (or the corresponding national standard) and any other applicable regulations.

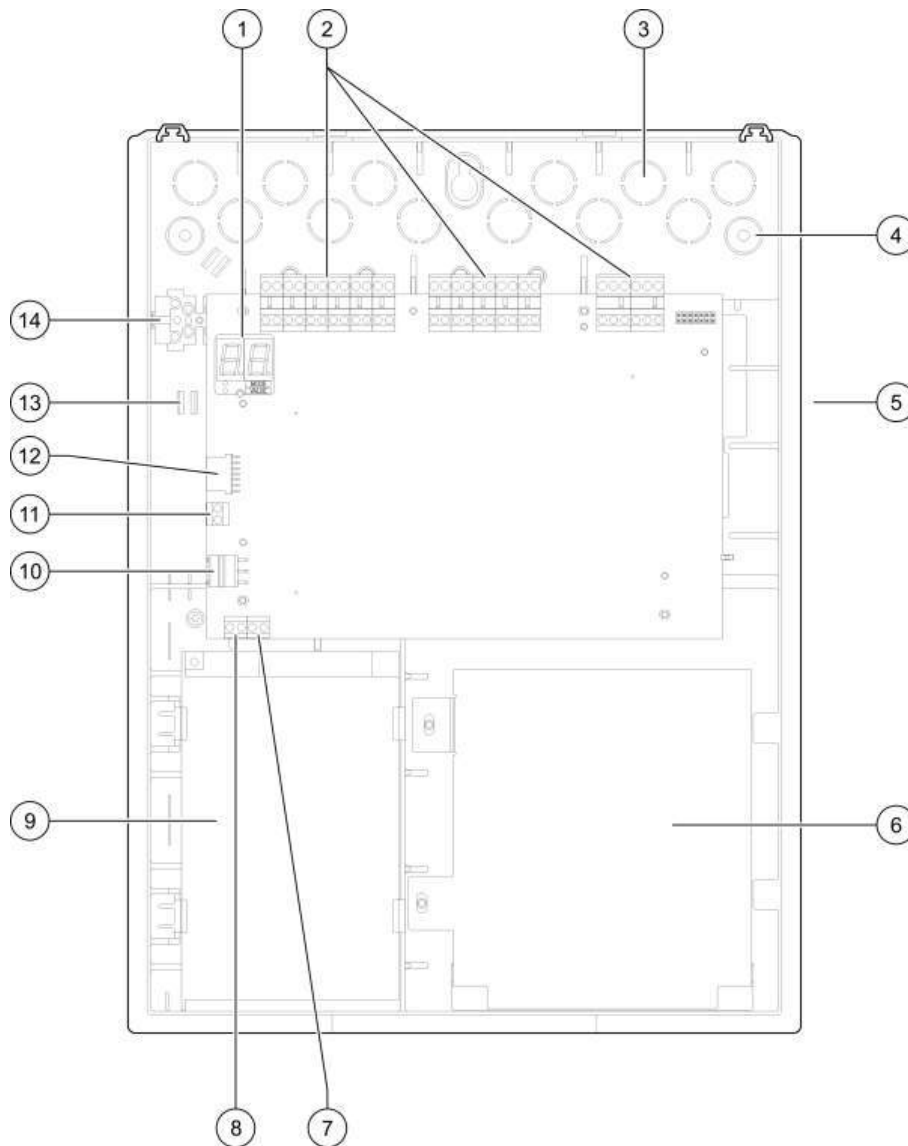
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Cabinet layout

Cabinet layout for two- and four-zone control panels

Figure 1: Cabinet layout for two- and four-zone control panels

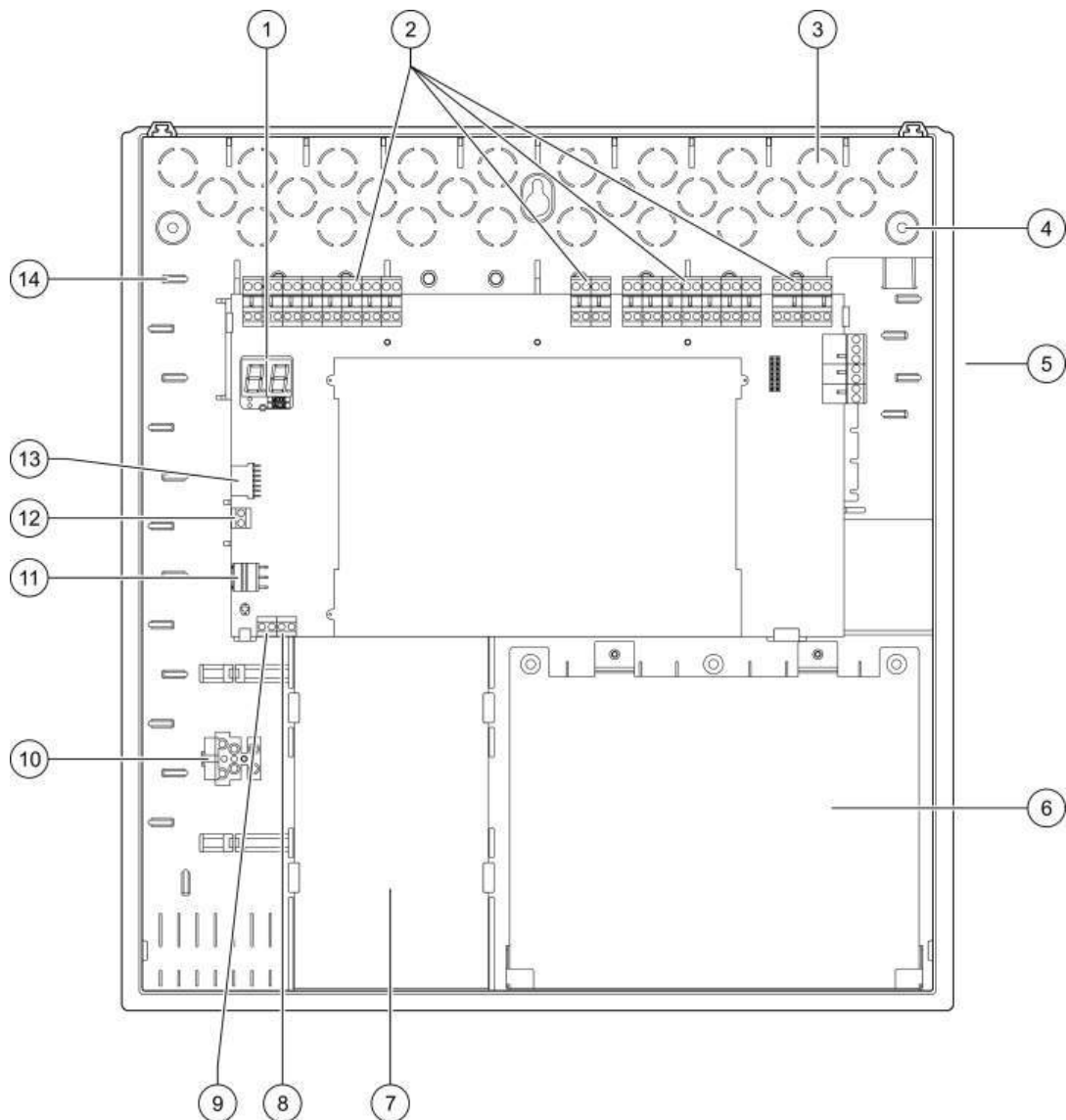


- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1. Seven-segment display | 8. Alarm counter connector |
| 2. Zone and fire system connectors | 9. Power supply unit |
| 3. Cable knockouts | 10. Power supply connector |
| 4. Mounting screw knockouts | 11. Battery connector |
| 5. Network board connector (on the back of the PCB) | 12. Expansion board connector |
| 6. Battery area | 13. Cable holder |
| 7. Key connector | 14. Fuse terminal block |

Note: Only selected regional models have the key and alarm counter connectors.

Cabinet layout for eight-zone control panels

Figure 2: Cabinet layout for eight-zone control panels



- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1. Seven-segment display | 8. Key connector |
| 2. Zone and system connectors | 9. Alarm counter connector |
| 3. Cable knockouts | 10. Fuse terminal block |
| 4. Mounting screw knockouts | 11. Power supply connector |
| 5. Network board connector (on the back of the PCB) | 12. Battery connector |
| 6. Battery area | 13. Expansion board connector |
| 7. Power supply unit | 14. Cable holder |

Note: Only selected regional models have the key and alarm counter connectors.

Cabinet installation

Preparing the cabinet

Before installing the cabinet, remove the front cover, and then remove cable knockouts from the top, bottom, and rear of the cabinet as required.

Where to install the cabinet

Make sure the installation location is free from construction dust and debris, and immune to extreme temperature ranges and humidity. (See Chapter 5 “Technical specifications” on page 65 for more information on the operating temperature and relative humidity specifications.)

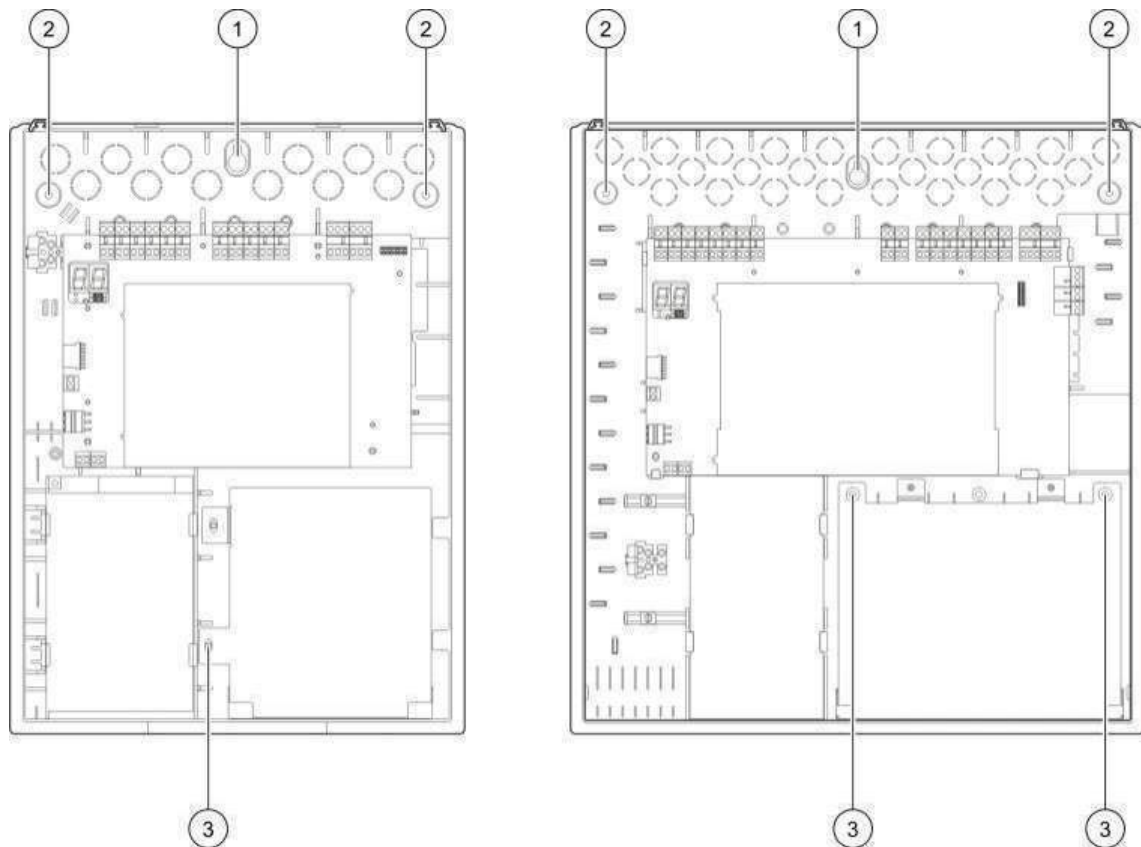
Allow for enough floor and wall space so the panel can be installed and serviced without any obstructions. The cabinet should be mounted so that the user interface is at eye level.

Note that the control panel must be assembled and installed according to the ordinances and codes that are in effect in your market or region.

Fixing the cabinet to the wall

The requirements for nylon wall plugs and screws are shown in the following table.

Model	Screws	Wall plugs
Two- and four-zone control panels	M4 × 30 (4X)	Ø 6 mm (4X)
Eight-zone control panel	M4 × 30 (5X)	Ø 6 mm (5X)

Figure 3: Mounting hole locations**To fix the control panel cabinet to the wall:**

1. Mark drill points on the wall, using the cabinet as a template.
2. Drill all required holes and insert a 6 mm wall plug into each.
3. Insert screw (1) half way and hang the cabinet onto this screw.
4. Insert screws (2) and tighten.
5. Insert screws (3) and tighten.
6. Tighten screw (1).

Connections

WARNING: Electrocution hazard. To avoid personal injury or death from electrocution, do not make any control panel or system connections while the control panel is connected to the mains power supply.

Recommended cables

Recommended cables for optimal system performance are shown in the table below.

Table 2: Recommended cables

Cable	Cable description	Maximum cable length
Mains cable	3 x 1.5 mm ²	N/A
Zone circuit cable (mixed zone)	12 to 26 AWG (3.31 to 0.13 mm ²) Twisted-pair (max. 40 Ω / 500 nF)	2 km
Zone circuit cable (automatic or manual zones)	12 to 26 AWG (3.31 to 0.13 mm ²) Twisted-pair (max. 55 Ω / 500 nF)	2 km
Fire network cable	Twisted-pair, Cat 5 12 to 26 AWG (3.31 to 0.13 mm ²)	1.2 km

Note: Other types of cable may be used subject to site-specific EMI conditions and installation testing.

Use 20 mm cable glands to ensure clean and secure connections at the control panel cabinet. All cables should be fed through the cable guides in the cabinet housing to eliminate movement.

Overview of fire system connections

Standard, EN 54-13, BS 5839-1, and intrinsically-safe fire system connections are shown in the following figures.

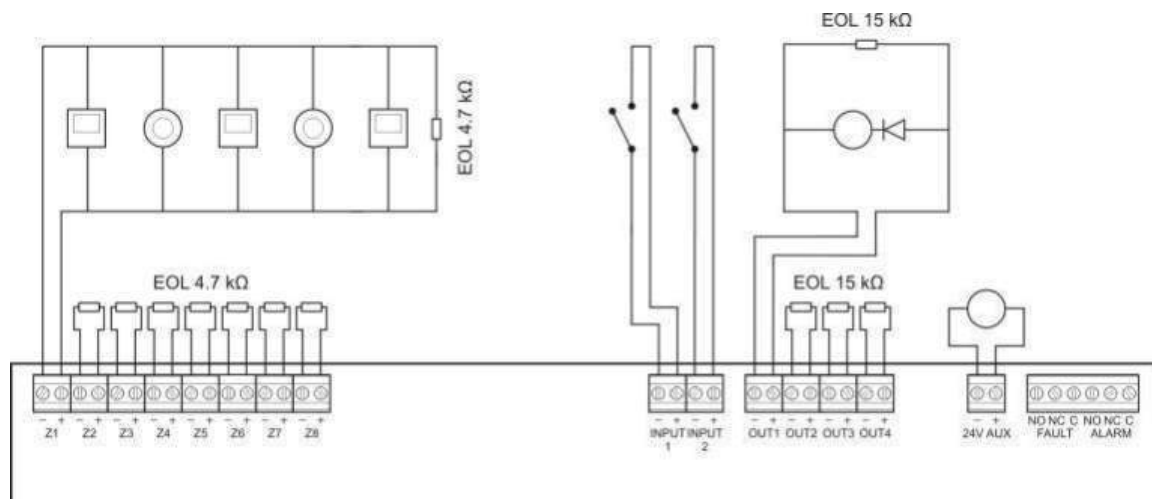
Figure 4: Standard fire system connections (no EN 54-13 requirement)

Figure 5: EN 54-13 fire system connections

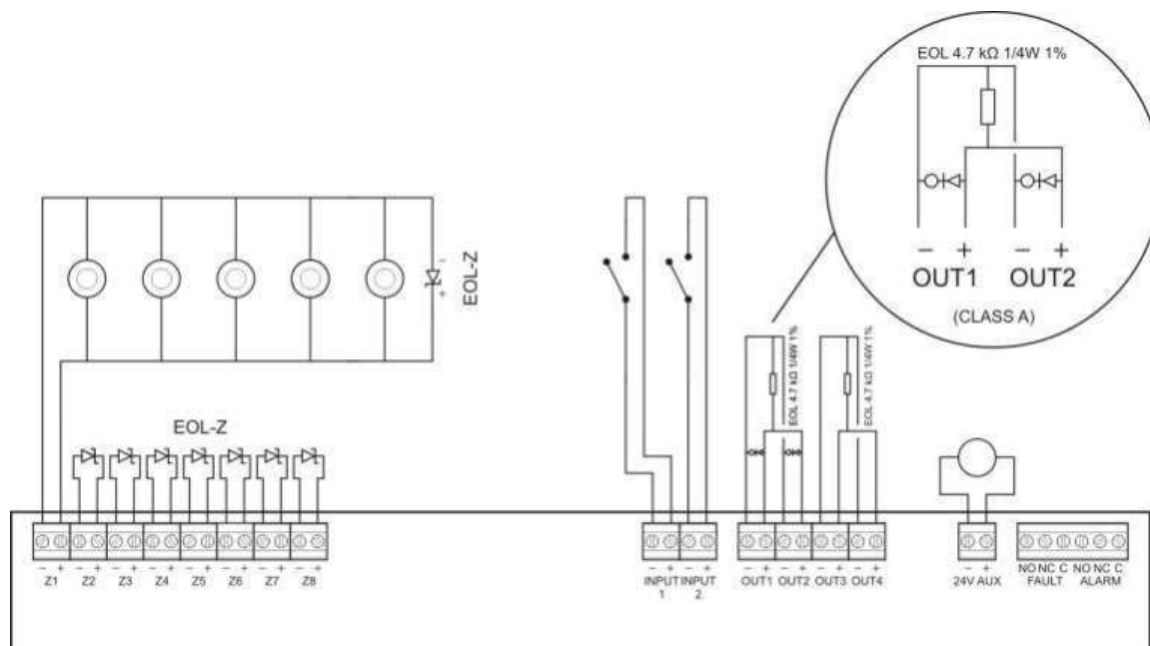
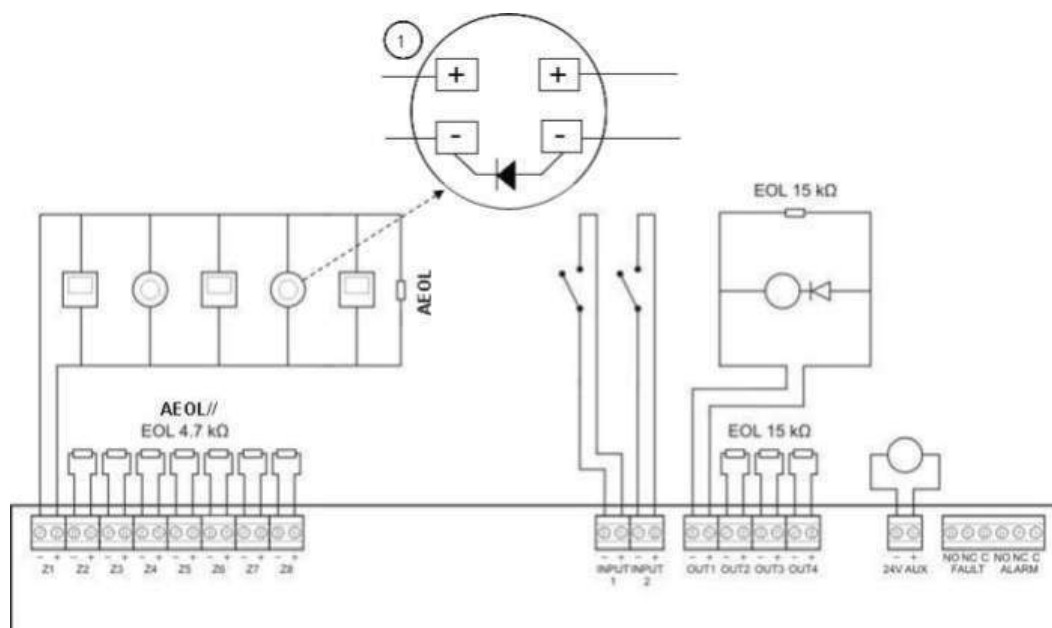
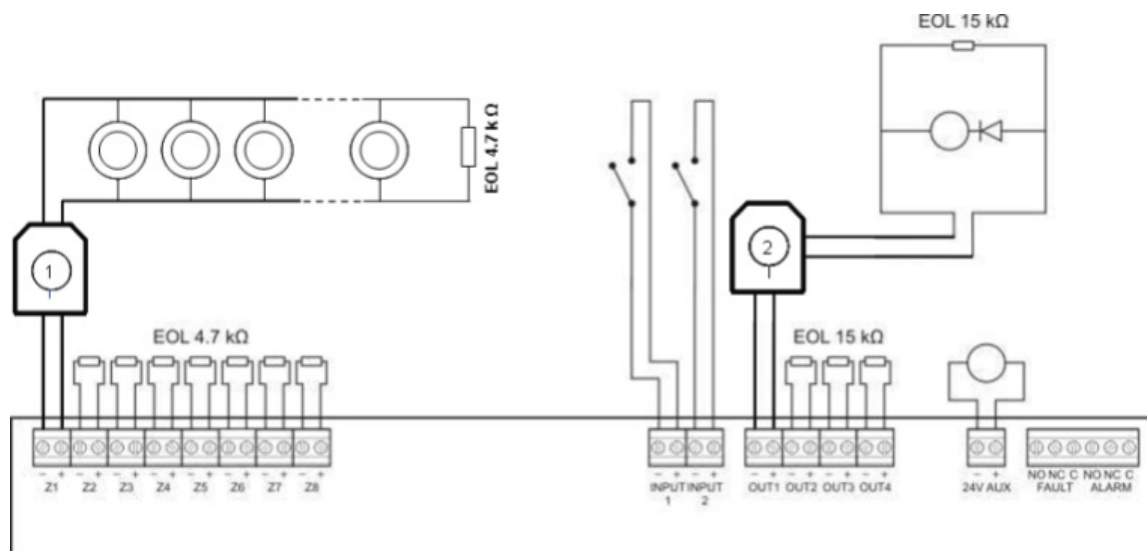


Figure 6: BS 5839-1 fire system connections



1. A diode must be connected on the detector base. (Consult your detector installation manual for more details).

Figure 7: Intrinsically-safe fire system connections

1. Galvanic barrier for intrinsically-safe conventional detectors.
2. Galvanic barrier for intrinsically-safe fire notification devices.

Connecting zones and zone devices

Connecting zones

Connect zone wires as shown in Figure 4, Figure 5, Figure 6, and Figure 7 above. Line resistance is shown in Table 3 below.

Table 3: Line resistance

Zone type	Line resistance	
	Standard and BS5839-1	EN 54-13 and intrinsically-safe
Mixed	40 Ω max.	Not supported [1]
Automatic	55 Ω max.	50 Ω max.
Manual	55 Ω max.	50 Ω max.

[1] Mixed zones are not permitted in installations requiring EN 54-13 or intrinsically-safe configuration.

To measure the line resistance:

1. Create a short circuit at the end of the zone line.
2. Measure the resistance between the positive and negative lines with a multimeter.

Note: The default zone detection settings for each operating mode can be found in Appendix A “Configuration presets” on page 77. To change the zone detection setting, see “Advanced configuration” on page 37.

Terminating zones

Zone termination is required at all times, whether the zone is used or not. The type of termination depends on the installation, as shown in Table 4 below.

Table 4: Zone terminations

Installation type	Zone termination
Standard and intrinsically-safe zones	4.7 kΩ end-of-line resistor
EN 54-13 zones	EOL-Z end-of-line device (polarity sensitive)
BS 5839-1 zones	Active end-of-line device [1]

[1] For BS 5839-1 installations an active end-of-line device must be installed (instead of an end-of-line resistor).

Note: Unused zones must be terminated with an active end-of-line device or configured as passive end-of-line and terminated with a 4.7 kΩ, 5%, 1/4 W end-of-line resistor.

Connecting detectors

Connect detectors as shown in Figure 4, Figure 5, Figure 6, and Figure 7 starting on page 8.

The panel supports conventional detectors. To guarantee optimal operation, use the detectors specified in the compatibility list. For more information on fire detectors, see Chapter 5 “Technical specifications” on page 65.

Connecting manual call points

Connect manual call points in parallel, as shown in Figure 4, Figure 5, Figure 6, and Figure 7 starting on page 8. Each zone circuit can support up to 32 manual call points.

Manual call points must have a resistance installed in series with the normally open (NO) contact to avoid short-circuit faults and to allow the control panel to identify the origin of the alarm (automatic or manual). Note that many of the MCPs in the compatibility list already include this resistor.

The resistance required will depend on the zone type as shown in Table 5 below.

Table 5: MCP resistances

Zone type	Manual call point resistance [1]		
	Standard / BS 5839-1	EN 54-13	Intrinsically safe
Mixed	100 Ω	Not supported	Not supported
Manual	100 to 680 Ω	100 to 470 Ω	250 to 560 Ω

[1] Resistance must be rated at 1 W minimum.

Note: The default zone detection settings for each operating mode can be found in Appendix A “Configuration presets” on page 77. To change the zone detection setting, see “Advanced configuration” on page 37.

Connecting inputs

Input functionality

Each control panel has two inputs, marked INPUT1 and INPUT2. These circuits are connected as normally open and activated when closed.

Both inputs are configurable (see “Input configuration” on page 45). The default functionality of each input is defined by the panel operating mode and EN 54-13 configuration. See Table 6 below.

Table 6: Default input functionality for inputs 1 and 2

Operating mode	INPUT1	INPUT2
EN 54-2 [1]	Remote reset	Delays off
EN 54-2 Evacuation [1]	Remote reset	Delays off
EN 54-2 Scandinavia [1]	Extended fire routing delay [2]	Delays off
BS 5839-1 [1]	Class change	Delays off
NBN S 21-100 [1]	Remote reset	Delays off
NEN 2535 (EN 54-13 disabled)	Fire routing inhibit delay	Delays off
NEN 2535 (EN 54-13 enabled)	Fire routing acknowledgement (type 1, 100 seconds) [3]	Fault warning output (open supervision)

[1] No change to input functionality with EN 54-13 enabled.

[2] Remote reset for two-zone control panels operating in EN 54-2 Scandinavia mode.

[3] Supervised input (wiring short or open).

Connecting unsupervised inputs

Connect unsupervised input switches to INPUT1 and INPUT2, as shown in Figure 4 or Figure 5 on page 9. Nominal resistance values (including any cable resistance) are shown below.

Table 7: Nominal resistance values for unsupervised inputs

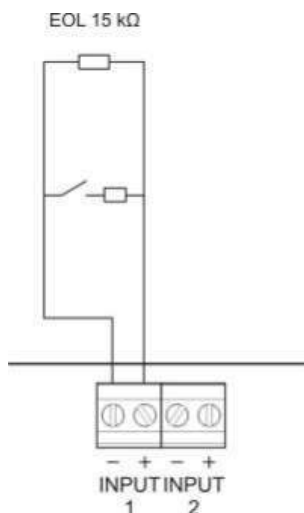
Input function	Activated	Standby
Remote reset command	> 9 k Ω to $\leq$ 9 k Ω transition	N/A
Extended fire routing delay	$\leq$ 9 k Ω	> 9 k Ω
Fire routing inhibit delay	$\leq$ 9 k Ω	> 9 k Ω
Class change	$\leq$ 9 k Ω	> 9 k Ω
Delays off	$\leq$ 9 k Ω	> 9 k Ω
FBF (sounders disabled) [1]	$\leq$ 9 k Ω	> 9 k Ω

[1] Regional fire brigade panels.

Connecting supervised inputs

Connect supervised input switches to INPUT1 and INPUT2, as shown in Figure 8 below.

Figure 8: Connecting supervised inputs



Nominal resistance values (including any cable resistance) are shown in Table 8 below.

Table 8: Nominal resistance values for supervised inputs

Input function	Input	Value [1]	State
Fire routing acknowledgement (type 1, 100 seconds)	1	$\leq 220 \Omega$	Short circuit
		$> 220 \Omega$ to $8 \text{ k}\Omega$	Active [2]
		$> 8 \text{ k}\Omega$ to $10 \text{ k}\Omega$	Fault [3]
		$> 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ to $20 \text{ k}\Omega$	Standby
		$> 20 \text{ k}\Omega$	Open circuit

[1] Values between each state may vary, depending on tolerance.

[2] For EN 54-13 compliance, the active impedance should be in the range of 220Ω to $3.9 \text{ k}\Omega$.

[3] High impedance fault.

Table 9: Nominal resistance values for “fault warning output” open supervision inputs

Input function	Standby	Fault (open)
Fault warning output: open circuit supervision	$\leq 9 \text{ k}\Omega$	$> 9 \text{ k}\Omega$

[1] For the open circuit supervision of the fault warning output with the input, a 2010-FS EOL board must be installed. See “Connecting the fault warning output” on page 16.

Connecting supervised outputs

Control panels have the following supervised outputs:

- Two-zone control panels have two outputs, marked OUT1 and OUT2.
- Four- and eight-zone control panels have four outputs, marked OUT1, OUT2, OUT3, and OUT4.

The outputs are supervised for open and short circuit faults.

Output class

The control panel outputs can be configured for Class A or Class B operation, depending on the supervision mode required. The default output configuration is Class B.

Table 10: Output classes and EN 54-13 supervision

Output class	EN 54-13 supervision	Description
Class B (default)	Disabled	For installations not requiring EN 54-13 compliance
Class A	Enabled	For installations requiring EN 54-13 compliance

For more information, see “EN 54-13 supervision mode” on page 32.

Output functionality

The function of each output is defined by the panel operating mode and output class configuration (the default is Class B). All outputs are overload protected.

Table 11: Class B output functionality (default)

Operating mode	OUT1	OUT2	OUT3	OUT4
EN 54-2	Sounders	Sounders	Sounders	Fire routing
EN 54-2 Evacuation	Sounders	Sounders	Sounders	Sounders
EN 54-2 Scandinavia	Sounders	Sounders	Sounders	Fire routing
BS 5839-1	Sounders	Sounders	Sounders	Sounders
NBN S 21-100	Evacuation sounders	Evacuation sounders	Warning sounders	Warning sounders
NEN 2535	Sounders	Sounders	Fire routing (automatic)	Fire routing (manual)

Table 12: Class A output functionality (for EN 54-13 compliance)

Operating mode	OUT1/OUT2	OUT3/OUT4
EN 54-2	Sounders	Fire routing
EN 54-2 Evacuation	Sounders	Sounders
EN 54-2 Scandinavia	Sounders	Fire routing

Operating mode	OUT1/OUT2	OUT3/OUT4
NBN S 21-100	Evacuation sounders	Warning sounders
NEN 2535	Sounders	Fire routing

Output termination

Output termination is required at all times, whether the output is used or not. The type of termination depends on the output class, as shown in Table 13 below.

Table 13: Termination required for output classes

Output class	Output termination
Class B (default)	All outputs require a 15 kΩ end-of-line resistor for termination. If an output is not used, the end-of-line resistor must be installed across the unused output terminals (see Figure 4 on page 8).
Class A (EN 54-13)	All outputs require a 4.7 kΩ, 1/4W, 1% end-of-line resistor for termination. If an output group (OUT1/2, OUT3/4) is not used, the end-of-line resistor must be installed across the unused output terminals (see Figure 5 on page 9).

See “Input and output specifications” on page 67 for details on voltage and current ratings.

Output polarity

All outputs are polarity sensitive. Observe polarity or install a 1N4007 diode or equivalent to avoid inverted activation issues.

Connecting sounders or other notification devices to supervised outputs

Depending on the operating mode, up to four sounder or notification device circuits can be connected. See Table 11 on page 14.

Connecting fire routing equipment to supervised outputs

Connect fire routing equipment as shown in Table 14 below.

Table 14: Connecting fire routing equipment

Operating mode	Output Class	Fire routing (automatic)	Fire routing (manual)
EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Scandinavia	Class B (default)	OUT4	OUT4
	Class A (EN 54-13)	OUT3, OUT4	OUT3, OUT4
NEN 2535	Class B (default)	OUT3	OUT4
	Class A (EN 54-13)	OUT3, OUT4	OUT3, OUT4

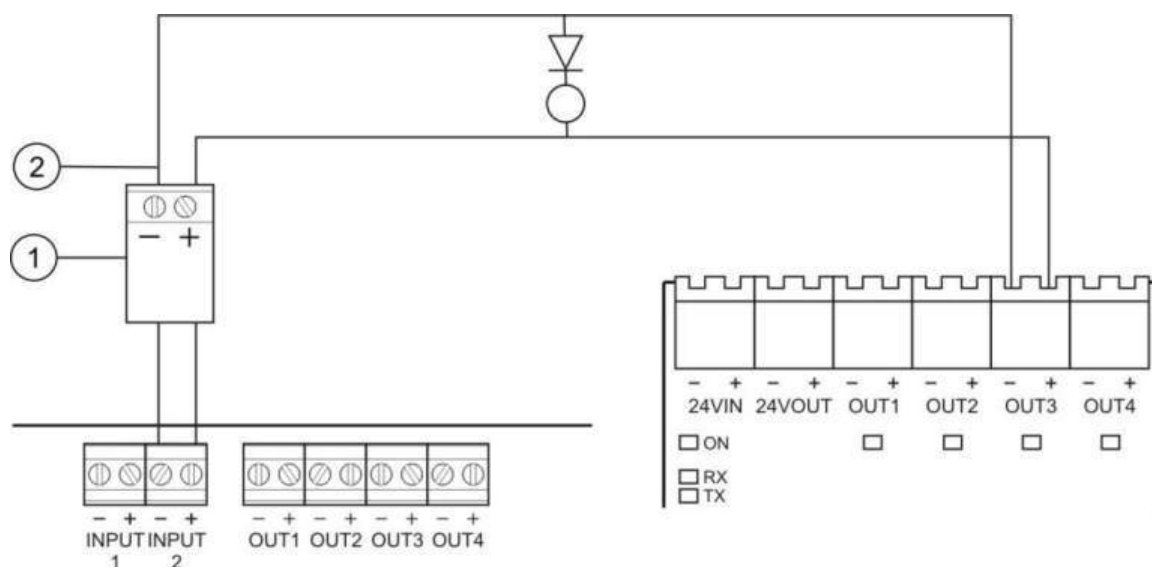
Note: Fire routing in EN 54-2 operating modes makes no distinction between automatic and manual alarms. If this feature is required, install a 2010-1-SB expansion board and use separate outputs for each alarm type.

Connecting the fault warning output to external equipment

Note: This feature is only available in NEN 2535 mode with a 2010-1-SB supervised expansion board configured to presets 32 or 35. See “Expansion board presets” on page 84.

Connect the external equipment to the OUT3 output on the 2010-1-SB supervised board. The wiring must be returned back to the control panel to the 2010-FS-EOL user supervisory board connected to INPUT2, as shown below.

Figure 9: Connecting to fault warning output



1. 2010-FS-EOL user board
2. Control panel PCB connectors
3. 2010-1-SB expansion board connectors

Connecting the mains power supply

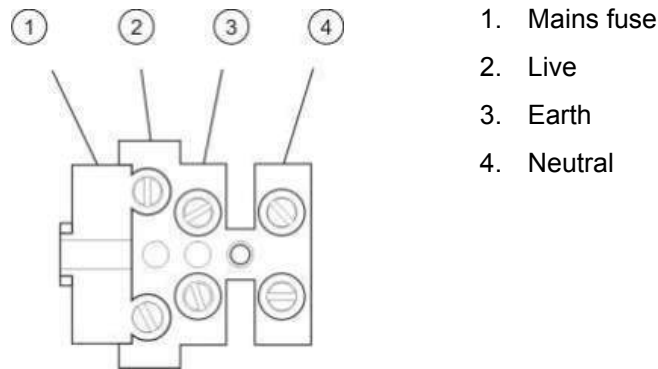
Note: To avoid unwanted arcing, connect the mains power supply before connecting the batteries.

The control panel can be operated at 110 V at 60 Hz or 240 V at 50 Hz (+10%/–15%).

Mains power should be sourced directly from a separate circuit breaker in the building electrical supply distribution board. This circuit should be clearly marked, have a bipolar disconnect device, and only be used for fire detection equipment.

Feed all mains cables through the appropriate cable knockouts and connect them to the fuse terminal block as shown in Figure 10 on page 17.

Keep mains cables separate from other cabling to avoid potential short circuits and interference. Always secure mains cables to the cabinet to prevent movement.

Figure 10: Connecting the mains power supply

For fuse specifications, see Chapter 5 “Technical specifications” on page 65.

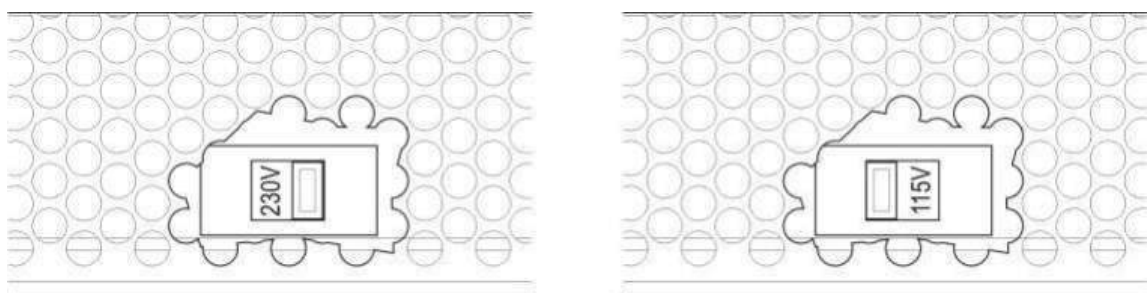
Selecting 115 or 230 VAC operation

WARNING: Electrocution hazard. To avoid personal injury or death from electrocution, remove all sources of power and allow stored energy to discharge before installing or removing equipment.

Power switching for 115 or 230 VAC operation is automatic for two- and four-zone control panels and no configuration is required.

For eight-zone control panels, the default power setting is 230 VAC. For 115 VAC operation, use a small screwdriver to change the power setting switch, located on the side of the power supply unit, as shown in Figure 11 below.

Caution: Risk of equipment damage. An incorrect power setting can destroy the power supply.

Figure 11: Selecting 115 or 230 VAC operation

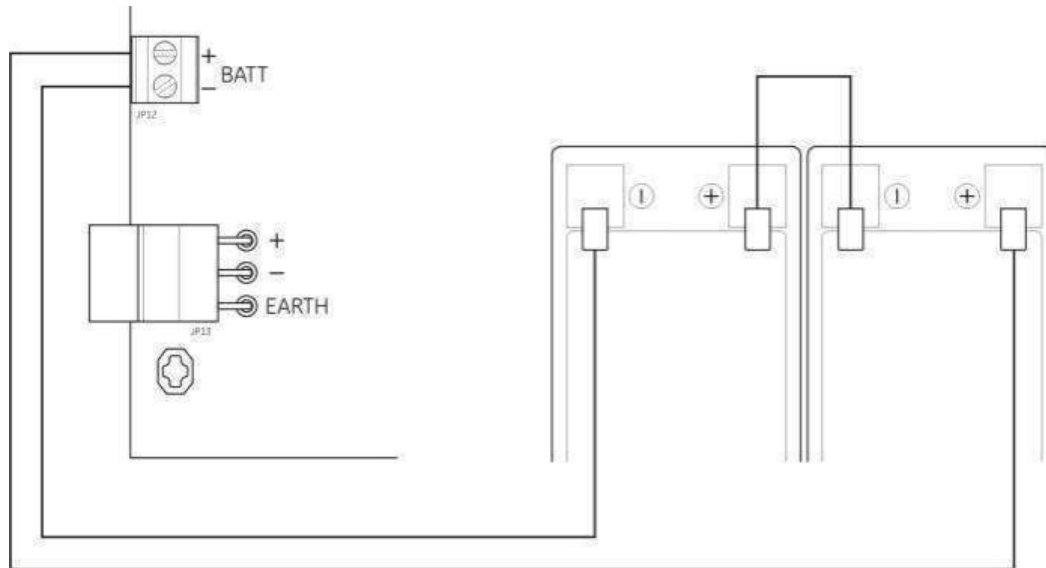
Connecting the batteries

The control panel requires two 12 V, 7.2 or 12 Ah rechargeable, sealed, lead-acid batteries (see “Compatible batteries” on page 62).

Batteries must be installed in series, at the base of the control panel cabinet. Use the battery lead and bridge provided and connect batteries to the BATT connector on the control panel PCB, as shown below. Polarity must be observed.

Note: If the control panel indicates a Supply Fault, then the batteries may need to be replaced. See “Battery maintenance” on page 62.

Figure 12: Connecting the batteries



Caution: Risk of equipment damage. No other equipment may be connected to the BATT connector.

Powering auxiliary equipment (24 VDC auxiliary output)

Connect auxiliary equipment that requires 24 VDC power to the 24 AUX terminals as shown in Figure 4 on page 8. The 24 VDC auxiliary output is supervised for short circuit and voltage output level.

WARNING: Never use the auxiliary output to power expansion boards connected to the same control panel as this might damage the control panel hardware.

Connecting alarm and fault relays

Connect the alarm and fault equipment to the ALARM and FAULT relays.

Each potential-free relay output is activated in an alarm or fault situation respectively. The fault relay output is activated (a short circuit between the common (C) and normally open (NO) terminals of the relay) when there is no fault.

The maximum contact rating for each relay circuit is 2 A at 30 VDC.

Connecting expansion boards

Caution: Risk of equipment damage. Always disconnect the control panel from the mains power supply before installing an expansion board.

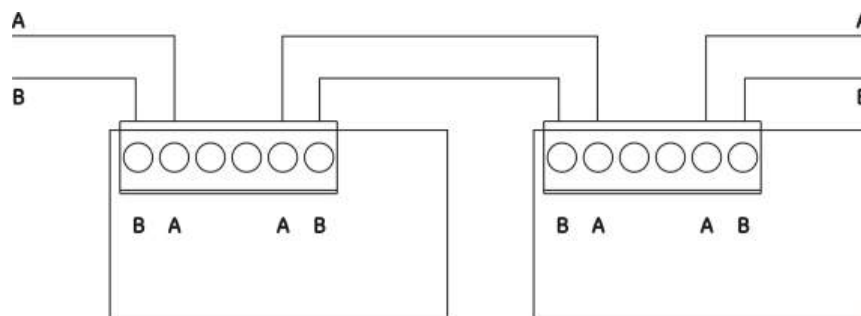
See your expansion board installation sheet for detailed installation information.

Connecting a fire network

Note: See the *2010-1-NB Network Board Installation Sheet* for detailed installation and connection information.

Each 2010-1-NB network board has two ports. Each port is connected (point to point) to the corresponding ports of the network board in another control panel.

Figure 13: Network board connections



Two wiring options are possible:

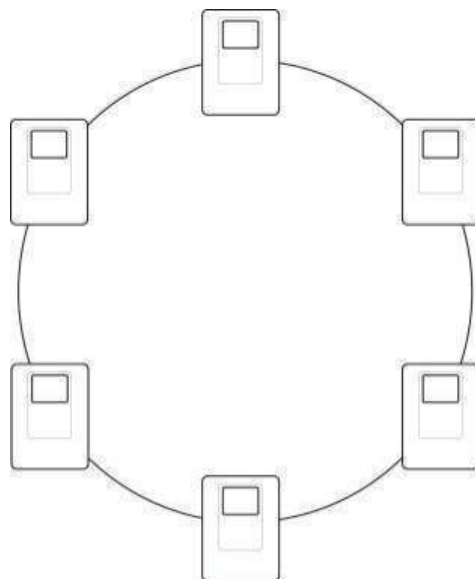
- Ring configuration
- Bus configuration

Ring configuration

Ring network configuration is recommended as it provides for redundancy in the transmission path.

For ring configuration (Class A), use both ports to connect all network boards or control panels to form a ring, as shown below.

Figure 14: Fire network ring configuration



Bus configuration

Note: To be compliant with EU regulations, use this network configuration only in cases where the detection zones and mandatory EN 54-2 output functions (sounder and fire routing outputs) are not remote between panels.

Bus network configuration is not normally recommended, as it does not provide for redundancy in the transmission path.

For bus configuration (Class B), connect control panels as shown below.

Figure 15: Fire network bus configuration



Chapter 3

Configuration and commissioning

Summary

This chapter includes information on how to configure and commission the control panel. Configuration is divided in basic configuration and advanced configuration options.

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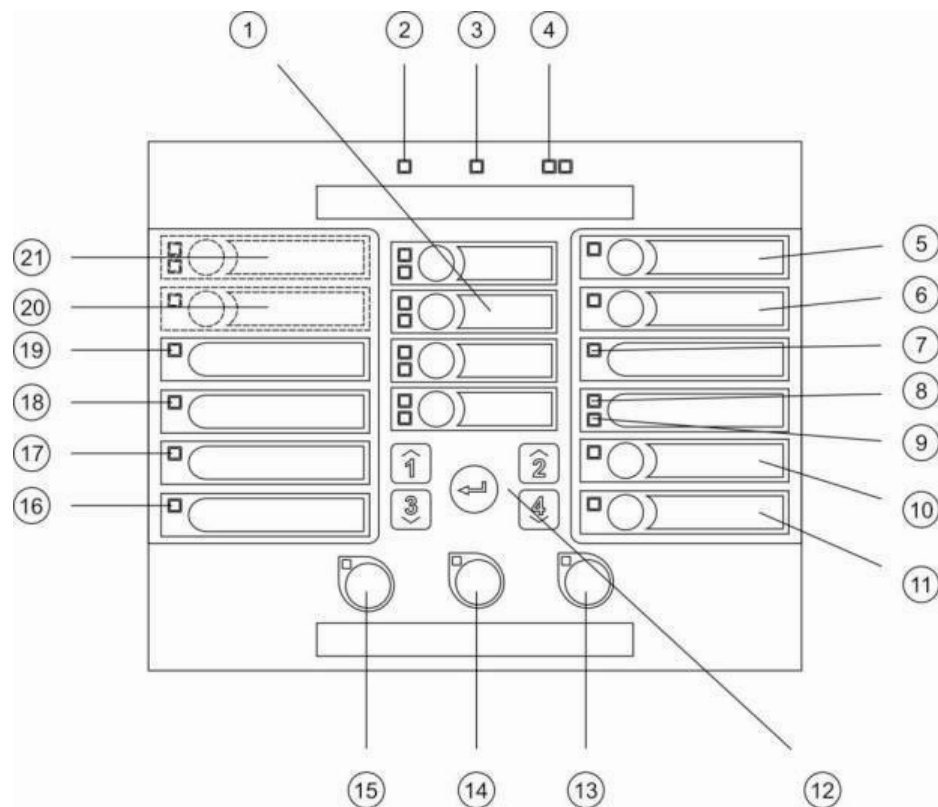
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The user interface

Consult the operator manual for details on the different controls and indications provided by the control panel.

User interface for two- and four-zone control panels

Figure 16: User interface for two- and four-zone control panels



Legend

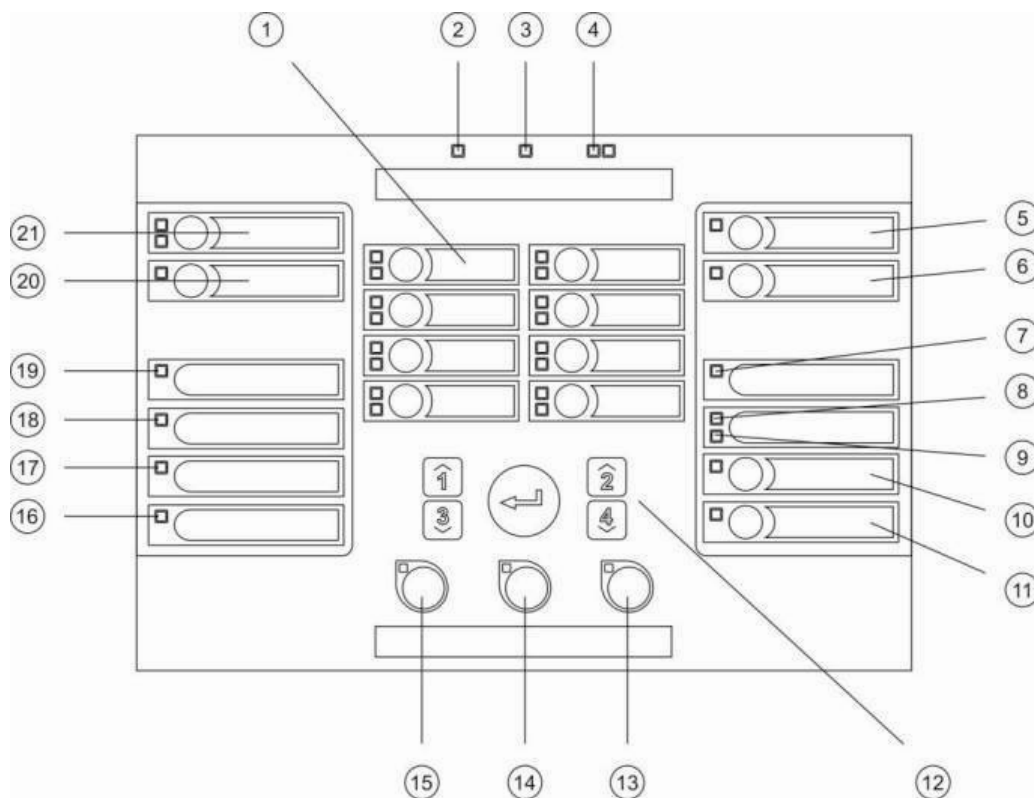
- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Zone buttons and LEDs (Z1, Z2, etc.) | 12. Configuration controls |
| 2. Supply LED | 13. Reset button and LED |
| 3. General Fault LED | 14. Panel Silence button and LED |
| 4. General Fire Alarm LEDs | 15. Sounder Start/Stop button and LED |
| 5. Sounder Fault/Disable/Test button and LED | 16. System Fault LED |
| 6. Sounder Delay button and LED [2] | 17. Out of Service LED |
| 7. Networking Fault LED | 18. Earth Fault LED |
| 8. Reserved for special use [2] | 19. Supply Fault LED |
| 9. Expansion I/O Fault/Disabled LED | 20. Fire Routing Delay button and LED [1][2] |
| 10. General Disable button and LED | 21. Fire Routing ON/ACK and Fault/Disable/Test button and LEDs [1][2] |
| 11. General Test button and LED | |

Notes

- [1] Two-zone control panels do not support fire routing or warning sounders for NEN2535.
 [2] Regional variants include changes to interface buttons and LEDs. See Table 15 on page 25.

User interface for eight-zone control panels

Figure 17: User interface for eight-zone control panels



Legend

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1. Zone buttons and LEDs (Z1, Z2, etc.) | 12. Configuration controls |
| 2. Supply LED | 13. Reset button and LED |
| 3. General Fault LED | 14. Panel Silence button and LED |
| 4. General Fire Alarm LEDs | 15. Sounder Start/Stop button and LED |
| 5. Sounder Fault/Disable/Test button and LED | 16. System Fault LED |
| 6. Sounder Delay button and LED [2] | 17. Out of Service LED |
| 7. Networking Fault LED | 18. Earth Fault LED |
| 8. Reserved for special use [2] | 19. Supply Fault LED |
| 9. Expansion I/O Fault/Disabled LED | 20. Fire Routing Delay button and LED [2] |
| 10. General Disable button and LED | 21. Fire Routing ON/ACK and Fault/Disable/Test button and LEDs [2] |
| 11. General Test button and LED | |

Notes

- [1] Two-zone control panels do not support fire routing or warning sounders for NEN2535.
 [2] Regional variants include changes to interface buttons and LEDs. See Table 15 on page 25.

Table 15: Regional variants of interface buttons and LEDs

Item	EN 54	NEN 2535	NBN S 21-100
6	Sounder Delay	Fire Protection Fault/Disable/Test	Evacuation Sounder Delay
8	Reserved	Fault Warning Fault/Disabled	Reserved
15	Sounder Start/Stop	Sounder Start/Stop	Evacuation Start/Stop
20	Fire Routing Delay	Fire Routing Delay	Warning Sounder Delay
21	Fire Routing ON/ACK	Fire Routing ON/ACK	Warning Sounders Start/Stop

User levels

For your safety, access to some features of this product are restricted by user levels. The access privileges of each user level are described below.

The configuration tasks described in this chapter can only be performed by an installer user level, either basic or advanced. These user levels are reserved for the installation contractors authorized and responsible for the system installation and configuration.

Public user

The public user level is the default user level.

This level allows basic operating tasks, such as responding to fire alarms, extinguishing events, or fault warnings at the control panel. No password is required.

Operator user

The operator user level allows additional operating tasks that command the system or perform maintenance functions. It is reserved for authorized users who have been trained to operate the control panel.

Consult the operation manual for more details on the functions available for public user and operator user levels.

Basic installer user

This user level is intended to quickly configure basic installation options that cover most applications.

Advanced installer user

This user level is intended for installers that require configuring very specific applications where all the advanced features provided by the control panel are required. This level is also required for installers that require minor customizations after configuring a basic installation.

Passwords and indications for each user level are described in “User level passwords and indications” on page 26.

User level passwords and indications

The default user level passwords and the corresponding LED and seven-segment display indications are shown in the table below. The seven-segment display is only visible when the control panel cover is removed. See Figure 1 on page 4 and Figure 2 on page 5.

Table 16: User level passwords and indications

User level	Password	LED	Default display	Custom display
Public	None	None	None	None
Operator	2222	The Reset LED is steady	None	None
Basic installer	3333	The Reset LED is flashing		
Advanced installer	4444	The Reset LED is flashing		

Note: If you have used advanced configuration options to set a custom input configuration, zone delay, zone configuration, or zone type, then the seven-segment display defaults to the custom display operating mode. See “Panel mode” on page 32 for details.

Configuration overview

To facilitate rapid configuration of the most common tasks, configuration is divided into basic and advanced levels.

For basic configuration options, see “Basic configuration” on page 29. For advanced configuration options see “Advanced configuration” on page 37.

Note: The reset and panel silence functions are not available in configuration mode. To reset the control panel or silence the internal buzzer, first exit configuration mode. See “Common configuration tasks” on page 28 for instructions on exiting from configuration mode.

Configuration controls

The control panel is configured using the front panel configuration controls and the seven-segment display. The configuration controls are also used to enter the user level password.

The configuration controls

The configuration controls are located on the control panel interface.

Figure 18: Front panel configuration controls

Button	Function
1	Scrolls to the next configuration menu on the seven-segment display.
2	Scrolls to the next configuration value for the active menu on the seven-segment display.
3	Scrolls to the previous configuration menu on the seven-segment display.
4	Scrolls to the previous configuration value for the active menu on the seven-segment display.
Enter	Confirms a menu selection or a value selection entry. [1]

[1] Panels configured as repeaters in a fire network normally display the status of several panels. Pressing this button for 3 seconds provides a temporary display of local panel status.

The seven-segment display

The seven -segment display is only visible when the control panel cover is removed (see Figure 1 on page 4 and Figure 2 on page 5).

Figure 19: The seven-segment display

1.	Mode LED
2.	Value LED

Table 17: Mode and value LEDs

LED	Indications
Mode	Select a <i>menu</i> using buttons 1 and 3 when this LED is steady.
	— or — Select a <i>submenu</i> using buttons 1 and 3 when this LED is flashing.
Value	Select a <i>value</i> using buttons 2 and 4 when this LED is steady

Common configuration tasks

To enter configuration mode:

1. Remove the control panel cover so that the seven-segment display is visible.
2. Enter a valid Installer user level password (3333 for basic configuration or 4444 for advanced configuration).
3. Press Enter.

When first entering configuration mode, the Mode LED on the seven-segment display is steady. For other indications see Table 17 on page 27.

To select a menu:

1. Select the required menu using the menu selection buttons (1 and 3).
2. Press Enter.

When a configuration menu has been selected, the Value LED on the seven-segment display is steady.

To select a value:

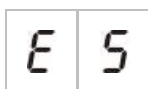
1. Select the required value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
2. Press Enter.

To exit configuration mode and save your changes:

1. Press Panel Silence.
2. Press Enter.

— or —

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Panel Silence LED flashes to confirm that a configuration change has been applied.

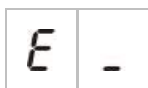
Note: Make all the configuration changes required before exiting configuration mode and saving your changes.

To exit configuration mode without saving your changes:

1. Press Reset

— or —

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The control panel will exit configuration mode after 5 minutes if no button is pressed.

Visual indications for current value and selected value

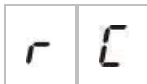
Current and selected values are indicated as follows.

Table 18: Visible indications for values

Status	Indication
Current value	Both decimal points on the display are steady
New selected value	Both decimal points on the display are flashing
Other value	Both decimal points on the display are off

To restore the previous configuration:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



To restore the factory configuration:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



Basic configuration

The default password for basic configuration is 3333. After entering the password, the first displayed menu will be Basic default configuration (indicating basic installer user level). For more information see “User level passwords and indications” on page 26.

The basic configuration menu

Configuration options for this menu are shown in the table below. More information for each option is included in the related topic.

Table 19: The basic configuration menu

Display	Menu	Values	Operating mode
	Basic default configuration	See topic	All

Display	Menu	Values	Operating mode
	EN 54-13 supervision	ON/OFF	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Evacuation EN 54-2 Scandinavia NBN S 21-100 NEN 2535 Custom
	Panel mode	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Evacuation EN 54-2 Scandinavia BS 5839-1 (No 2nd stage) BS 5839-1 (2nd stage) NBN S 21-100 NEN 2535 Custom	All
	Sounder delay (or Evacuation sounder delay for NBN S 21-100 mode)	00 to 10 minutes	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Evacuation EN 54-2 Scandinavia NBN S 21-100
	Fire routing delay (or Warning sounder delay for NBN S 21-100 mode)	00 to 10 minutes	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Scandinavia NBN S 21-100 NEN 2535
	Extended fire routing delay	00 to 10 minutes	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Scandinavia NEN 2535
	Add an expansion board [1]	00 to 04 modules	All
	Fire network identifier [2]	00 to 32	All
	Restore previous configuration	N/A	All
	Restore factory configuration	N/A	All
	Exit without saving	N/A	All
	Exit and save	N/A	All

[1] Additional menu options are available if one or more expansion boards are installed. See “Expansion board configuration” on page 49.

[2] Additional menu options are available if the panel is configured to be connected to the fire network (the fire network identifier is not 00). See “Fire network and repeaters configuration” on page 51.

For connecting the control panel to a fire network, an optional fire network board must be installed. For further details, see “Connecting a fire network” on page 19 and refer to the installation sheet for the network board.

Basic default configuration

Use this menu to select common operating mode configuration presets. The default setting is 01 (EN 54-2, passive end-of-line).

To select an operating mode configuration preset:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



2. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).

See Table 20 below for descriptions of the presets.

3. Press Enter.

4. Save your changes.

A selected list of operating mode configuration presets is shown below. For a detailed list of all available configuration presets and characteristics, see Appendix A “Configuration presets” on page 77.

Table 20: Common operating mode configuration presets (EN 54-13 disabled)

Display	Operating mode	Zone end-of-line	Zone type
01 (default)	EN 54-2	Passive	Mixed
05	EN 54-2 Evacuation	Passive	Mixed
07	EN 54-2 Scandinavia	Passive	Mixed
11	BS 5839-1	Active	Mixed
21	NBN S 21-100	Passive	Odd zones: Automatic Even zones: Manual
31	NEN 2535	Passive	Odd zones: Automatic Even zones: Manual

The operating mode is indicated by the first digit in the display and the configuration type by the second digit. If a custom configuration has been applied (via the advanced configuration menu), then the second digit is a zero, as shown below.

Display	Configuration	Display	Configuration
01	EN 54-2 preset configuration	00	EN 54-2 custom configuration
11	BS 5839-1 preset configuration	10	BS 5839-1 custom configuration
21	NBN S 21-100 preset configuration	20	NBN S 21-100 custom configuration
31	NEN 2535 preset configuration	30	NEN 2535 custom configuration

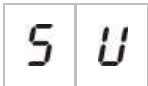
EN 54-13 supervision mode

Use this menu to select the zone supervision mode (EN 54-13 supervision enabled or disabled). By default EN 54-13 zone supervision is disabled.

Note: EN 54-13 supervision mode is not available in BS 5839-1 mode.

To configure the supervision mode:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Sounder and Fire Routing Fault/Disable/Test LEDs and all zone LEDs flash quickly to indicate that the supervision mode configuration menu is active.

2. Select the supervision mode using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
3. Press Enter.
4. Save your changes.

The available settings for this feature are shown below.

Display	Description
	Default setting. EN 54-13 zone supervision is disabled and all outputs are configured as Class B.
	EN 54-13 zone supervision is enabled and all outputs are configured as Class A.

Panel mode

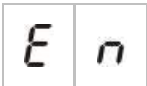
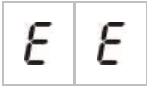
Use this read-only menu to view the operating mode of the control panel.

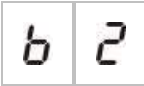
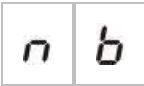
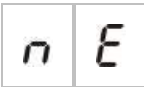
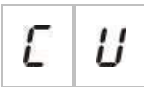
To view the operating mode:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



Display indications for each operating mode are shown below.

Display	Operating mode
	EN 54-2
	EN 54-2 Evacuation

Display	Operating mode
	EN 54-2 Scandinavia
	BS 5839-1 (No second stage)
	BS 5839-1 (second stage)
	NBN S 21-100
	NEN 2535
	Custom

See Appendix A “Configuration presets” on page 77 for presets and default settings for each operating mode.

Custom operating mode

A custom operating mode will be indicated if any of the following zone configuration settings are changed from the operating mode preset values:

- Zone delay
- Zone configuration
- Zone type
- Input configuration

The seven-segment display will alternate the custom and base operating mode indications, as shown above.

Sounder delay

Note: Use this menu to configure evacuation sounder delays in NBN S 21-100 mode.

Use this menu to configure a sounder delay of up to 10 minutes in operating modes where the feature is available.

Default delays

Default sounder delays for each operating mode are shown below.

Table 21: Default sounder delay values

Operating mode	Default delay in minutes
EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Evacuation EN 54-2 Scandinavia BS 5839-1	00
NBN S 21-100	01
NEN 2535	This feature is not available in this operating mode.

To configure a delay:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Sounder Delay LED flashes quickly to indicate that the sounder delay configuration menu is active.

2. Select a delay value from 00 to 10 minutes using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
3. Press Enter.
4. Save your changes.

Once configured the delay must be enabled at Operator user level.

To enable a configured delay:

1. Exit Installer user level.
2. Enter the Operator user level password.
3. Press the Sounder Delay button.

A steady Sounder Delay LED indicates that the delay is enabled.

Sounder outputs delay operation

The delay applies to the activation of sounder outputs only if *all* of the following are true:

- The delay is enabled
- The initiating device (detector or manual call point) is installed in an automatic zone or the initiating device is a detector installed in a mixed zone
- The initiating device is configured in a zone with delays configured (by default)
- Any input using the *delays off* function must not be active

If the delay is not enabled, the control panel activates sounder outputs immediately after the detection of the fire alarm.

Fire routing delay

Note: Use this menu to configure warning sounder delays in NBN S 21-100 mode.

Use this menu to configure a fire routing delay of up to 10 minutes in operating modes where the feature is available.

Default delays

The default fire routing delay for each operating mode is shown below.

Table 22: Default fire routing delay values

Operating mode	Default delay in minutes
EN 54-2 Scandinavia	01
NEN 2535	01
EN 54-2 NBN S 21-100	00
EN 54-2 Evacuation BS 5839-1	This feature is not available in these operating modes.

To configure a delay:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Fire Routing Delay LED flashes fast to indicate that the fire routing delay configuration menu is active.

2. Select a delay value from 00 to 10 minutes using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
3. Press Enter.
4. Save your changes.

Once configured the delay must be enabled at Operator user level.

To enable a configured delay:

1. Exit Installer user level.
2. Enter the Operator user level password.
3. Press the Fire Routing Delay button.

A steady Fire Routing Delay LED indicates that the delay is enabled.

Fire routing delay operation

The delay applies to the activation of fire routing (if configured) only if *all* of the following are true:

- The delay is enabled
- The initiating device (detector or manual call point) is installed in an automatic zone (or the initiating device is a detector installed in a mixed zone)
- The initiating device is configured in a zone with delays configured (by default)
- A fire routing inhibit delay input is not activated (if configured)
- Any input using the *delays off* function must not be active

If the delay is not enabled, the control panel activates fire routing (if configured) immediately after the detection of the fire alarm.

Extended fire routing delay

Use this menu to configure an extended fire routing delay of up to 10 minutes in operating modes where the feature is available.

Default delays

The default extended fire routing delay for each operating mode is shown below.

Table 23: Extended fire routing delay default values

Operating mode	Default delay in minutes
EN 54-2 Scandinavia	03
NEN 2535	03
EN 54-2	00
EN 54-2 Evacuation BS 5839-1 NBN S 21-100	This feature is not available in these operating modes.

To configure an extended delay:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Fire Routing Delay LED flashes fast to indicate that the fire routing delay configuration menu is active.

2. Select a delay value from 00 to 10 minutes using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).

This value must be greater than the configured fire routing delay.

3. Press Enter.

4. Save your changes.

Once configured the delay is enabled at the same time as the standard fire routing delay.

A steady Fire Routing Delay LED indicates that all configured fire routing delays are enabled.

Extended fire routing delay operation

The same conditions required to apply a fire routing delay are applicable to apply an extended fire routing delay (i.e. delay enabled, automatic alarm in a zone with delays configured, no fire routing inhibit delay input activated, and no input using the delays off function activated).

If the conditions exist to apply the delay, fire routing and extended fire routing delays elapse concurrently when a fire alarm event is reported. After an alarm condition, the fire routing delay is the active delay to activate fire routing.

In NEN 2535 operating mode, the extended fire routing delay becomes the active delay to activate fire routing when sounders are stopped (by pressing the Sounder Start/Stop button) and remain stopped when the standard fire routing delay time has elapsed.

In EN54-2, NEN2535 and EN 54-2 Scandinavia operating mode, the extended fire routing delay becomes the active delay to activate fire routing when an extended fire routing delay switch (connected to an input configured accordingly) is activated while the standard fire routing delay elapses.

Adding expansion boards

For information on how to add an expansion board to the fire system and how to configure it, see “Expansion board configuration” on page 49.

Adding a fire network board

For information on how to add a fire network board to the fire system and how to configure it, see “Fire network and repeaters configuration” on page 51.

Advanced configuration

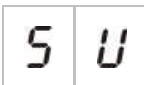
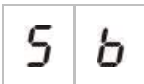
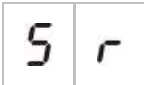
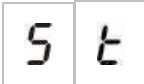
The default password for advanced configuration is 4444. After entering the password, the first displayed menu is Advanced default configuration (indicating the advanced installer user level). For more information see “User level passwords and indications” on page 26.

The advanced configuration menu

Configuration options for this menu are shown in Table 24 below. More information for each option is included in the related topic.

Note: All configurable options included in “Basic configuration” on page 29 are also available from the advanced configuration menu.

Table 24: The advanced configuration menu

Display	Menu	Values	Operating mode
	Advanced default configuration	Configuration presets, as defined in “Basic default configuration” on page 31	All
	EN 54-13 supervision	ON/OFF	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Evacuation EN 54-2 Scandinavia NBN S 21-100 NEN 2535 Custom
	Panel mode	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Evacuation EN 54-2 Scandinavia BS 5839-1 (No 2nd stage) BS 5839-1 (2nd stage) NBN S 21-100 NEN 2535 Custom	All
	Sounder delay (or Evacuation sounder delay for NBN S 21-100 mode)	00 to 10 minutes	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Evacuation EN 54-2 Scandinavia NBN S 21-100
	Sounder operation during a zone test	ON/OFF	All
	Sounder re-sound	ON/OFF	All
	Silence sounders disabled time	0 to 10 minutes	All
	Fire routing delay (or Warning sounder delay for NBN S 21-100 mode)	00 to 10 minutes	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Scandinavia NBN S 21-100 NEN 2535
	Extended fire routing delay	00 to 10 minutes	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Scandinavia NEN 2535
	Add an expansion board [1]	00 to 04 modules	All

Display	Menu	Values	Operating mode
 	Fire network identifier [2]	00 to 32	All
 	Software version	Read-only	All
 	Configuration version	Read-only	All
 	Configuration time stamp	Read-only	All
 	Configuration date stamp	Read-only	All
 	Zone configuration [1]	Passive EOL Active EOL Unlatched Passive EOL with CleanMe Active EOL with CleanMe Intrinsically-safe	All
 	Zone delay	ON/OFF	All
 	Zone type	Mixed Automatic Manual	All
 	Input configuration	Remote reset Delays off Fire routing extended delay Fire routing inhibit delay Class change Fault warning output open supervision (NEN 2535 only) Fire routing acknowledgement (type 1, 100 seconds) Fire routing acknowledgement (type 2, 240 seconds) FBF interface (sounders disabled)	All
 	User level 2 password	0 to 4444	All
 	User level 3 basic password	0 to 4444	All
 	User level 3 advanced password	0 to 4444	All

Display	Menu	Values	Operating mode
	Control panel PCB serial number	Read only	All
	Auxiliary 24 V reset	ON/OFF	All
	Restore previous configuration	N/A	All
	Restore factory configuration	N/A	All
	Exit without saving	N/A	All
	Exit and save	N/A	All

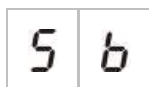
[1] The CleanMe feature is not available for Ziton devices.

Sounder operation during a zone test

Use this menu to configure the sounder operation during a zone test. The default setting for all operating modes is ON.

To configure the sounder operation during a zone test:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Sounders Start/Stop LED flashes fast to indicate that the sounder operation during a zone test configuration menu is active.

2. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
3. Press Enter.
4. Save your changes.

The available settings for this feature are shown below.

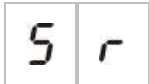
Display	Description
	The internal buzzer and sounders sound for 5 seconds when an alarm is activated in a zone test.
	The internal buzzer and sounders do not sound when an alarm is activated in a zone test.

Sounder re-sound

Use this menu to configure the sounder re-sound, on or off. This determines sounder operation in a fire alarm event when sounders have been silenced by pressing the Sounder Start/Stop button and a new alarm event is reported. The default setting is ON.

To configure the sounder re-sound:

- 1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Sounders Start/Stop LED flashes fast to indicate that the sounder re-sound configuration menu is active.

- 2. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
- 3. Press Enter.
- 4. Save your changes.

The available settings for this feature are shown below.

Display	Description
	The sounders re-sound if a new fire alarm event is reported from a different zone.
	The sounders do not re-sound if a new fire alarm event is reported from a different zone.

Note: For new fire alarm events in the same zone, sounders will always re-sound if the first alarm is reported by a detector and the new alarm is reported by a manual call point.

Sounders silence disabled time

Note: For control panels in basic evacuation mode, any configured fire sounders silence disabled time is ignored.

To prevent the immediate silencing of sounders when a fire alarm is first reported, the Sounder Start/Stop button may be temporarily disabled for a preconfigured period of time when a configured sounder delay is counting down.

The disable time starts to count down when the control panel enters fire alarm status and the configured sounder delay starts.

During the configured disable time the Sounder Start/Stop LED is off and the fire sounders cannot be silenced (before activation) by pressing the Sounder Start/Stop button.

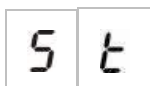
In the time between the end of the configured disable time and the end of the configured sounder delay (when the Sounder Start/Stop LED is flashing), pressing the Sounder Start/Stop button silences sounders (before activation).

A configured sounder delay may still be cancelled while the delay is running (and sounders activated) by pressing the Sounder Delay button.

Use this menu to configure the time while sounders silence is disabled. The default setting is 1 minute.

To configure the Sounders Silence Disabled Time:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Sounders Start/Stop LED flashes fast to indicate that the Sounders Silence Disabled Time configuration menu is active.

2. Select a delay value from 1 to 10 minutes using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
3. Press Enter.
4. Save your changes.

Zone configuration

Use this menu to configure zone settings for each zone in your fire alarm system. The default setting for each operating mode is included in Appendix A "Configuration presets" on page 77.

To configure the zone:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



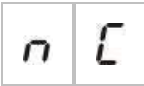
2. Select the zone (for example, zone 1), and then press Enter.



The Zone fault/test/disable LED flashes fast to indicate that the corresponding zone configuration menu is active.

3. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
4. Press Enter.
5. Save your changes.

The available settings for this feature are shown below.

Display	Description
	Passive end-of-line
	Active end-of-line [1]
	Unlatched (only available in BS 5839-1 mode) [1]
	Passive end-of-line with CleanMe [1][2][3]
	Active end-of-line with CleanMe [1][2][3]
	Intrinsically-safe zone [1][4]

[1] Option not available if EN 54-13 supervision is enabled.

[2] Option not available if operating mode is NEN2535.

[3] The CleanMe feature is not available for Ziton devices.

[4] By default, even zones are configured as manual and odd zones are set as automatic.

Zone delay

Use this menu to configure zone delays (on or off), for each zone in your fire alarm system. If the zone delay is ON, for alarms reported from this zone, any output activation (sounders, fire routing and expansion board outputs) will consider delay before activation. The default setting for all zones is ON.

For a stand-alone fire panel, you specify the zone using the zone number.

When the control panel is in a fire network, unique zone numbers are created by defining a unique starting number for the first zone in each panel. For example, if the first zone is numbered 101, then zone 08 will have the number 108.

In a fire network, if the control panel is configured to activate with remote zones, you can enter “others” to select the delay for remote zones.

See the topic “Fire network and repeaters configuration” on page 51 for further details.

To configure the zone delay:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.

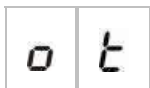


2. Select the zone (for example, zone 1), and then press Enter.



— or —

Select “others” to select the remote zones.



The Zone alarm LED flashes fast to indicate that the corresponding zone configuration menu is active.

3. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
4. Press Enter.
5. Save your changes.

The available settings for this feature are shown below.

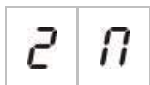
Display	Description
	Configured delays are applied when the alarm is reported from this zone.
	Configured delays are not applied. Outputs activate immediately when the alarm is reported from this zone.

Zone type

Use this menu to configure the zone type for each zone in your fire alarm system. The default setting for each operating mode is included in Appendix A “Configuration presets” on page 77.

To configure the zone type:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



2. Select the zone (for example, zone 1), and then press Enter.



The red Zone LED flashes fast to indicate that the corresponding zone configuration menu is active.

3. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
4. Press Enter.
5. Save your changes.

The available settings for this feature are shown below.

Display	Description
	Mixed zone. The control panel automatically distinguishes between an automatic alarm (generated by a detector) and a manual alarm (generated by a manual call point fitted with a 100 Ω resistor). [1]
	Automatic zone. All fire alarms are treated as reported by a detector, even if the fire alarm is reported by a manual call point in the zone.
	Manual zone. All fire alarms are treated as reported by a manual call point, even if the fire alarm is reported by a detector in the zone.

[1] This option is not available if EN 54-13 is enabled or an intrinsically-safe zone is configured.

Input configuration

Use this menu to configure the functionality of INPUT1 and INPUT2. The default setting for each input is included in Appendix A “Configuration presets” on page 77.

To configure an input:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



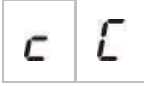
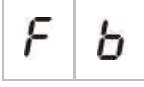
2. Select the input (for example, INPUT1), and then press Enter.



3. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
4. Press Enter.
5. Save your changes.

The available settings for this feature are shown below.

Display	Description	Operating mode
	Remote reset. Input activation (transition) commands reset.	All
	Delays off Input activation (transition) deactivates delays (equivalent to night mode). Input deactivation (transition) activates delays (equivalent to day mode).	All

Display	Description	Operating mode
	Extended fire routing delay Input active configures extended fire routing delay.	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Scandinavian NEN 2535
	Fire routing inhibit delay Input active deactivates fire routing delays.	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Scandinavian NEN 2535
	Class change Sounders are activated while the input is active	All
	Fault warning output open supervision An inactive input indicates the fault warning output has an open circuit wiring fault.	NEN 2535
	Fire routing acknowledgement (type 1, 100 seconds) [1] [3] An active input indicates acknowledge after fire routing is active. An active input in other condition generates a fire routing fault.	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Scandinavian NEN 2535
	Fire routing acknowledgement (type 2, 240 seconds) [1] [3] An active input indicates acknowledge after fire routing is active. An active input in other condition generates a fire routing fault.	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Scandinavian NEN 2535
	FBF interface (sounders disabled) [2] [3] Active input disables sounders and silences the control panel.	EN 54-2 EN 54-2 Evacuation EN 54-2 Scandinavian NEN 2535 BS 5839-1

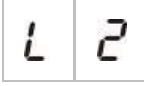
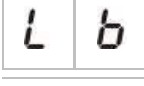
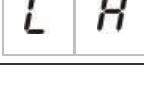
[1] May only be configured for one input per control panel.

[2] Regional fire brigade panels. May only be configured for one input per control panel.

[3] Supervision for wiring open and short conditions available. A 15 kΩ end-of-line is required.

Changing user level passwords

Use the corresponding menu option (shown below) to change the default user level passwords.

	Operator user level password
	Basic installer user level password
	Advanced installer user level password

To change the first two digits of a user level password:

1. Set the display for the desired user level password, and then press Enter.
2. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



3. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
4. Press Enter.
5. Save your changes.

To change the last two digits of a user level password:

1. Set the display for the desired user level password, and then press Enter.
2. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



3. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
4. Press Enter.
5. Save your changes.

Auxiliary 24 V reset

Use this menu to configure the auxiliary 24 V reset setting, on or off. The default setting is OFF.

To configure the 24 V reset:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



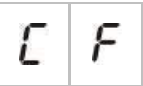
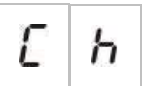
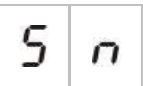
2. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
3. Press Enter.
4. Save your changes.

The available settings for this feature are shown below.

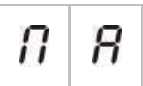
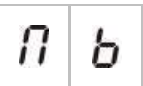
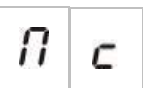
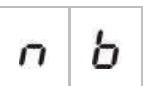
Display	Description
	Resetting the control panel resets the AUX 24V output.
	Resetting the control panel does not reset the AUX 24V output.

Software, configuration, and serial number information

Use the corresponding menu option (shown below) to display software, configuration, and serial number information. These details may be required for troubleshooting and technical support.

	Software version (control panel, expansion board or fire network board)
	Configuration version
	Configuration time stamp
	Configuration date stamp
	Serial number (control panel, expansion board or fire network board)

The following submenus are available for software version and serial number menus:

Display	Description
	Display the software version or serial number for the control panel
	Display the software version or serial number for expansion board A
	Display the software version or serial number for expansion board B
	Display the software version or serial number for expansion board C
	Display the software version or serial number for expansion board D
	Display the software version or serial number for the network board

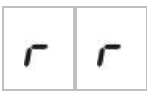
To check the software version:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



2. Select a value (fire panel, expansion board or fire network board) using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).

3. Press Enter.
4. The software version is displayed in three consecutive segments, as shown below.

Segment	Description	Example
	Is the major release identifier	
	Is the minor release identifier	
	Is the version cycle number	

In the above example, the reading is for software version 1.1.7.

Expansion board configuration

Adding an expansion board

Use this menu, available from the basic or advanced configuration menus, to configure the number of installed expansion boards. The default value is 00.

To add an expansion board:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Expansion I/O Fault/Disabled LED flashes fast to indicate that the module configuration menu is active.

2. Select a value using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
3. Press Enter.
4. Save your changes.

The maximum number of expansion boards that can be installed is shown below.

Table 25: Maximum number of expansion boards

Two- and Four-zone control panels	Up to two expansion boards
Eight-zone control panel	Up to four expansion boards [1]

[1] Note: For regulatory compliance, when a fire network board is installed, make sure your configuration does not exceed the usage of three expansion board modules.

Expansion board configuration

Expansion board labels

For configuration purposes expansion boards are labeled A and B (for two- and four-zone control panels) or A, B, C, and D (for eight-zone control panels).

The label for a given module is defined by its position (left to right) in the control panel cabinet. The first expansion board installed is module A, the second B, etc.

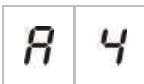
See your expansion board installation sheet for installation instructions.

Expansion board function and delay configuration

Once an expansion board is installed and added to the control panel configuration, the following additional configuration options appear on the basic and advanced configuration menus.

Note: These configuration options are repeated for each of the installed expansion boards (A, B, C, and D).

Table 26: Expansion board A configuration options

Display	Description	Value
	Module A function	01 to 92 [1]
	Module A output 1 delay	00 to 10 minutes
	Module A output 2 delay	00 to 10 minutes
	Module A output 3 delay	00 to 10 minutes
	Module A output 4 delay	00 to 10 minutes

[1] Available values depend on the type of expansion board installed and the supervision selected. See Appendix A “Configuration presets” on page 77.

Expansion board function

Use this menu to configure the expansion board function. The default value depends on panel configuration. For most configurations, the default value is 01. For two-zone panels, or panels configured for EN 54-13, the default is 05. For the available presets, see Appendix A “Configuration presets” on page 77.

To configure the expansion board function:

1. Set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Expansion I/O Fault/Disabled LED on the control panel interface and the ON LED on the expansion board flashes fast to indicate that the module function configuration menu is active.

2. Select a value from 01 to 92 using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
3. Press Enter.
4. Save your changes.

Expansion board output delay

Use this menu to configure an expansion board output delay of up to 10 minutes, where the feature is available.

To configure an expansion board output delay:

1. For output 1 on expansion board A, set the display as shown below, and then press Enter.



The Expansion I/O Fault/Disabled LED on the control panel interface and the Activated LED on the expansion board flashes fast to indicate that the module delay menu is active.

2. Select a value from 00 to 10 using the value selection buttons (2 and 4).
3. Press Enter.
4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 as required for each output (1 to 4) on each installed module (A, B, C, and D) where a delay is required.
5. Save your changes.

Fire network and repeaters configuration

This section describes how to configure a fire network of conventional control panels in order to:

- Connect repeaters (any conventional control panel can be configured to operate as a repeater)
- Create a fire network of conventional control panels, when you need additional conventional zones in your system
- Create a network including compatible addressable control panels, to add more features to your fire detection and alarm system (e.g. logging events, complex output activation controlled by the addressable system, remote monitoring)

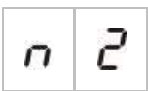
When a conventional panel is connected to a fire network it normally displays the status of one or more panels in the network (depending on repeater configuration

settings). To display information for only that panel, press the Enter key for 3 seconds to provide a temporary, 30-second display of the local status indications.

Basic configuration options

The following table shows the options for creating basic fire network (firenet) configurations.

Basic configuration options for the fire network

Display	Description	Value
	Firenet identifier for the panel (the panel node number in the network)	00 to 32 00 = Stand-alone (no networking) Default: 00
	Firenet number of nodes (the number of nodes in the network) [1]	02 to 32 Default: 02
	Firenet initial zone number [2]	0001 to 9999 The number has four digits. Identified by position, these are: 1234. Press Up to enter the first two digits of the number (positions 1 and 2). Press Down to enter the last two digits of the number (positions 3 and 4). — or — Firenet initial panel number to be repeated [2]
		01 to 32 Default: 01

[1] Basic configuration uses consecutive numbers beginning with 1 and ending with the number entered here. Advanced configuration allows the use of specific, nonsequential node numbers. When the system has an advanced, custom pattern of node numbers, the displayed value for nn is “Cu”.

[2] Depending on the advanced setting Firenet repeater type (nr), this setting configures the initial zone repeated or the initial panel repeated.

A *basic fire network* is either a panel and a repeater, or a 16-zone virtual panel composed of two 8-zone panels.

To configure a basic fire network:

1. Activate networking by selecting the node number in the fire network.

The value of nl changes from 0 to 1 for the control panel, and from 0 to 2 for the repeater panel.

If nl is not 0 (networking activated), a network fault is reported if the network card is not present.

The Network Fault LED blinks every 10 seconds to indicate that the panel is connected to the network without faults.

2. Select the number of control panels in the network.

This is not required when you have two panels (i.e. a panel and a repeater).

If you select 5, panel IDs 1 to 5 will have to be present so as not to have a network fault indication.

Use advanced settings if you need to configure a network with other node IDs and you need specific control and repeater settings.

3. Select the initial zone in the fire network.

This is not required if the two panels will use the same zone numbers starting with zone 1 (i.e. a panel and a repeater).

Zones are global. A remote zone event in a zone number which is also used in the local control panel will generate a response as if the event was generated by a local zone. Example: In a two-zone panel with initial zone 10, zones 10 and 11 are available and any event in zones 10 and 11 in any other control panel in the network will have the same effect in the panel as a local event on these zones.

Therefore, change this setting if you want to keep activations and indications independent in different control panels. Example: In a 16-zone virtual panel, eight-zone panel 1 can keep initial zone with the default value (1) and the eight-zone panel 2 requires changing initial zone from 1 to 9.

Note that this setting can be used to configure control panels to repeat the status of control panels in the fire network with the zone LEDs. Consult fire network advanced configuration settings for further details.

Basic fire network configuration will have the default fire network settings or the ones previously configured in the advanced fire network configuration options.

Default fire network settings are as follows:

- Both control panels will control each other (fire panel and repeater panel).
- The network topology will be class B.
- The repeater will repeat zones, not control panels.
- The fire panel will repeat faults in the repeater panel.
- The fire panel will enter alarm and generate activations with remote zones.
- The fire panel will control its outputs (no addressable system in the network).

Advanced configuration options

The following table shows the options (available to an advanced configuration user) for creating an advanced fire network configuration.

Advanced configuration options for the fire network

Display	Description	Value
	Firenet identifier	0 to 32 0: Stand-alone (no networking) Default: 0
	Firenet number of nodes [1]	2 to 32 Default: 2
	Firenet initial zone number when the firenet repeater type (nr) = 2n	0001 to 9999 The number has four digits. Identified by position, these are: 1234. Press Up to enter the first two digits of the number (positions 1 and 2). Press Down to enter the last two digits of the number (positions 3 and 4).
	— or —	
	Firenet initial panel number to be repeated when the firenet repeater type (nr) = Pn	01 to 32 Default: 01
	Firenet global controls	On/ OFF Default: On
	Firenet loop class	A/ B Default: B
	Firenet process remote zones	On/ OFF Default: On
	Firenet repeater type	2n = Zones Repeater Pn = Panels Repeater Default: 2n
	Firenet map	Submenu: 1 – 32 Values: On/OFF Default: ON for nodes 1 and 2, OFF for the rest
	Firenet repeater map	Submenu: 1 – 32 Values: On/OFF Default: ON for nodes 1 and 2, OFF for the rest
	Firenet remote output control	On/ OFF Default: OFF

[1] The basic configuration setting can be replaced by a customized set of specific panels for communication, called a firenet map (nM), and a set of panels to be repeated, called a firenet repeater map (rM). If the configuration is changed by modifying nM or rM, the value displayed for firenet number of nodes (nn) is Cu, indicating a custom network configuration.

Configuring firenet and repeater maps

If the control panels in the system do not have all the node IDs numbered consecutively (starting from 1) or if the control panels do not repeat information from all other panels, then configure the nM (Firenet map) and rM (Firenet repeater map).

Firenet map (nM) configuration

Any control panel in the fire network can be configured to show remote zone events and react as if the events were coming from the local zones, for the zones that are within the range of the panel. The range of zones in the panel is determined with the initial zone (offset) and the control panel type. The global zone numbers can be 1 to 9999. This means a two-zone panel initial zone can be 1 to 9998 and an eight-zone panel with the initial zone being 100 has a zones range from 100 to 107.

The firenet map (nM) defines all the control panels that communicate with the configured panel. This lets you create subnetworks in the fire network. For example, if you have four panels in a fire network as follows:

- Panel ID 1 with nM active for nodes 1 and 2
- Panel ID 2 with nM active for nodes 1 and 2
- Panel ID 20 with nM active for nodes 20 and 32
- Panel ID 32 with nM active for nodes 20 and 32

Panels 1 and 2 will see each other in one sub-network and panels 20 and 32 will be each other in a different sub-network. Only a firenet wiring open-loop fault for class A networks will be shared between the two sub-networks.

Repeater map (rM) configuration

Any control panel in the fire network can repeat the information of other nodes that form part of its firenet map.

A unique panel or several panels can be repeated at the same time (including addressable panels) by defining the repeater map.

By default, the basic setting to establish the number of nodes (nn) will set the control panel to activate in the repeater map (rM) the same control panels in the firenet map. (i.e. The control panels by default will repeat all the information of all other control panels in the fire network.)

The indications will show the logic OR function of the local indication together with the same indication on other remote panels being repeated. If control panels show different status, the control panel with higher priority takes precedence (i.e. if control panel 1 has sounders on delay and control panel 2 sounders on, the indication of a third panel repeater will show sounders on).

All indications received that are not available in the repeater panel for display will be ignored.

Examples:

- A conventional repeater panel can repeat an analogue panel and many indications are not available for display.
- A two-zone control panel could be configured to repeat an eight-zone panel. Zones 3 to 8 will not be available for display.

Conventional systems can be configured to repeat control panels status information instead of zones status information, in the zone LED indications. Consult the Repeater type configuration (nr) setting.

Selecting control panel commands

Select the control panel commands (e.g. reset, silence/resound sounders, panel silence, cancelling delays) that will be local or global. This is sent to all other control panels in its firenet map.

By default, nC is set to Yes so that controls are local but also sent to the network.

Note: Local or global controls does not apply to disable/enable and test commands. These are always local and sent to the control panels being repeated. This feature provides more flexibility to configure disable/enable and test of zones, sounders, fire routing and fire protection.

Examples: If we disable zone 1 in control panel 1 and control panel 1 repeats control panel 2, the zone 1 in control panel 2 will also be disabled (shared zone completely disabled). If we disable zone 1 in control panel 1 but control panel 2 is not repeated, zone 1 in panel 2 will not be disabled. (This allows disabling only part of the shared zone).

Selecting the loop class

Select the loop class (nL) to configure the panel according to the wiring topology selected: class A (ring) or class B (bus).

Class A is recommended to provide redundancy in communication path. Class B can only be used for repeaters without control requirements.

By default, the basic settings use class B for basic repeater functionality.

Selecting processing for remote zones in alarm

Select the setting to process (or not process) remote zones in alarm (nP).

This setting lets you decide whether the control panel enters alarm and reacts accordingly or not, with any remote zone outside its range of zones. This option lets you:

- Create large conventional systems (e.g. 10, 12, 16 or more zones) where each node has different global zones to indicate only the local zone in alarm
- Create systems where alarm indications have to be local to the panel (nP should be inactive)

By default, process remote zone alarms (nP) is active (ON).

Specify the firenet repeater type

Select the firenet repeater type setting (nr) if you want to use the repeater to display panel status instead of zone status information. (nr = Pn).

When the control panel is configured to repeat the status of other panels, the zone indications display global panel status information: the red zone LED will indicate the panel ID in the network is in alarm (automatic or manual) and the yellow zone LED will indicate the panel ID is in fault, disable or test.

By default, zone repeaters are used (nr = 2n)

Select remote output control

Set firenet remote output control (nO) ON if you want an addressable compatible control panel in the fire network to command the outputs of the conventional panel (sounders, fire routing, fire protection, fault warning output, and expansion board outputs) with advanced programming options.

Consult the addressable control panel documentation (including its configuration utility software) if you require this type of advanced configuration.

If the control panel is configured for remote output control, it will no longer activate outputs based on its own logic and will only activate outputs with commands coming from the fire network.

This mode of operation is fail-safe i.e. if the control panel detects a fire network fault, the outputs will activate with the local logic or the remote commands.

By default, firenet remote output control is off for standalone applications or pure conventional fire networks where the control panel controls its outputs.

Commissioning

Before commissioning the control panel

Before commissioning the control panel, make sure that:

- The control panel has been correctly installed
- The mains power is 110 VAC or 240 VAC, is connected correctly, and complies with all requirements described in “Connecting the mains power supply” on page 16
- There are no short or open circuits in any of the zone circuits
- All zones have the correct end-of-line termination, as described in “Terminating zones” on page 11
- All manual call points have the correct resistance for alarm identification, as described in “Connecting manual call points” on page 11

- Polarity is observed for all sounder circuits and that all end-of-line resistors are installed, as described in “Connecting sounders or other notification devices to supervised outputs” on page 15
- Any optional equipment installed (fire routing, alarm, and fault relays, etc.) is correctly connected
- The batteries are connected correctly, and comply with all requirements described in “Connecting the batteries” on page 17
- All fire alarm system configuration complies with the corresponding operating mode and local regulations.

Commissioning the control panel

Once all installation, connection, and configuration requirements have been checked as described above, the control panel can be powered up.

Normal startup

After starting up the control panel, normal status (standby) is indicated as follows:

- The Supply LED is steady
- The Sounder Delay LED is steady (if a delay has been enabled)
- The Fire Routing Delay LED is steady (if a delay has been enabled)

If any other indicators are on, check your installation thoroughly before proceeding.

Fault startup

In accordance with EN 54-2, the control panel has a special startup sequence used after an internal fault has been detected by the control panel.

This is indicated as follows:

- The General Fault LED flashes fast
- The System Fault LED flashes slow

When this happens:

1. Enter the Operator user level password.
2. Press the Reset button to reset the control panel.

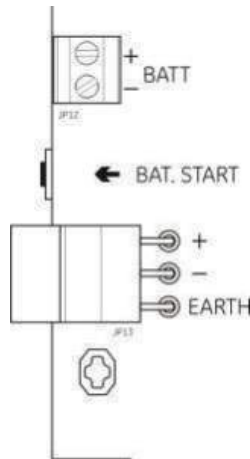
If the fault status persists after reset, the control panel aborts the startup sequence and turns on the System Fault LED.

When this happens, check all control panel connections and configuration, as described in “Before commissioning the control panel” on page 57.

Battery startup

To power up the control panel from the batteries, press the battery start button on the control panel PCB (marked as BAT. START, see Figure 20 below). Keep the button pressed for approximately 5 seconds.

Figure 20: Battery startup button



Functional tests

Create a short and open circuit in the zone to test fault reporting for each.

Activate a manual call point to test manual alarm reporting. The control panel should override any configured delays and activate alarm notification devices and fire routing (where applicable) immediately.

Activate a detector to test automatic alarm reporting. The control panel should initiate any configured delays and activate alarm notification devices and fire routing (where applicable) once the delay time has elapsed.

Using a multimeter, verify that the fault relay is activated when a fault is reported and that the alarm relay is activated when an alarm is reported.

Response times

Response times for standard events are as follows.

Table 27: Response times for standard events

Event	Response time
Alarm	Less than 3 seconds
Zone fault	Less than 30 seconds
Sounder fault	Less than 30 seconds
Fire routing fault	Less than 30 seconds
Expansion board fault	Less than 100 seconds

Event	Response time
Network fault	Less than 100 seconds
Earth fault	Less than 100 seconds
Battery charger fault	Less than 100 seconds
No batteries found fault	Less than 3 minutes
Mains fault	Less than 3 minutes
Out of service fault	Less than 100 seconds
Fuse/protection fault	Less than 3 minutes
System fault	Less than 100 seconds
Battery high resistance fault	Less than 4 hours

Chapter 4

Maintenance

Summary

This chapter includes information on fire alarm system maintenance and battery maintenance.

Content

Fire alarm system maintenance	62
Quarterly maintenance	62
Annual maintenance	62
Cleaning the control panel	62
Battery maintenance	62

Fire alarm system maintenance

Perform the following maintenance tasks to ensure that the fire alarm system works correctly and complies with all required European regulations.

Note: Before performing any tests, ensure that fire routing (if configured) is disabled or that the fire brigade has been notified.

Quarterly maintenance

Test at least one device per zone and verify that the control panel responds to all fault and alarm events. The control panel power supply and battery voltage should be checked.

Annual maintenance

Test all system devices and verify that the control panel responds to all fault and alarm events. All electrical connections must be visually inspected to make sure that they are securely fastened, that they have not been damaged, and that they are appropriately protected.

Cleaning the control panel

Keep the outside and inside of the control panel clean. Carry out periodic cleaning using a damp cloth for the outside. Do not use products containing solvents to clean the control panel. Do not clean the inside of the cabinet with liquid products.

Battery maintenance

Compatible batteries

The control panel requires two 12V, 7.2 or 12 Ah rechargeable sealed lead-acid batteries. Compatible batteries for this product are shown in the table below.

Table 28: Compatible batteries

Model	Battery type	Recommended batteries
Two- and four-zone control panels	12V, 7.2 Ah	BS127N (7.2 Ah) Fiamm FG20721/2 (7.2 Ah) Yuasa NP7-12 (7.0 Ah)
Eight-zone control panel	12V, 7.2 Ah or 12V, 12 Ah	BS127N (7.2 Ah) BS130N (12 Ah) Fiamm FG20721/2 (7.2 Ah) Fiamm FG21201/2 (12 Ah) Yuasa NP7-12 (7.0 Ah) Yuasa NP12-12 (12 Ah)

Troubleshooting batteries

Battery supply and battery fuse faults are indicated by a flashing Supply Fault LED. If this LED is flashing, check the following:

- That the battery cables are in good condition
- That the battery cables are connected securely and correctly at the battery and at the control panel PCB

If the cables are in good condition and all connections are correct, then the batteries should be replaced immediately.

Replacing batteries

Batteries must be replaced periodically as recommended by the battery manufacturer. The useful life of the battery is approximately four years. Avoid the total discharge of the batteries. Always use the recommended replacement batteries.

To replace the batteries:

1. Disconnect and remove the existing batteries from the cabinet.
2. Install and connect the replacement batteries using the bridge provided. Observe correct polarity.
3. Dispose of the batteries as required by local or regional regulations.

Chapter 5

Technical specifications

Summary

This chapter includes technical specifications for your fire alarm control panel.

Content

Zone specifications 66

Input and output specifications 67

Power supply specifications 69

Mechanical and environmental specifications on page 70

Fire network specifications 71

Cabinet drawings and dimensions 72

Zone specifications

Table 29: General zone specifications

Zone circuit output voltage	
Nominal	22 VDC
Maximum	24 VDC
Minimum	18 VDC
Maximum current consumption per zone circuit	65 mA
Default zone circuit configuration	
EN 54	Passive end-of-line
NEN 2535	Passive end-of-line
NBN S 21-100	Passive end-of-line
BS 5839-1	Active end-of-line
Zone circuit termination	
EN 54	4.7 k Ω end-of-line resistor
NEN 2535	4.7 k Ω end-of-line resistor
NBN S 21-100	4.7 k Ω end-of-line resistor
BS 5839-1	Active end-of-line device
EN 54-13 supervision enabled	EOL-Z end-of-line device
Intrinsically safe	4.7 k Ω end-of-line resistor
Number of detectors per zone circuit	
Ziton Z600 series	32 max. [2]
EST E6 series	32 max. [2]
Other detectors [1]	32 max. [2][3]
Number of manual call points per zone circuit	32 max. [4]

[1] Systems using other detectors are not EN 54-13 compliant.

[2] Or as defined by local standards. Maximum of 30 detectors for NBN S 21-100 installations.

[3] Provided that the detectors meet the required zone specifications given here.

[4] Figures based on EN 54-2. The maximum number of devices may differ for other standards. For example, NBN S 21-100 indicates a maximum of 30 detectors or 10 manual call points per zone circuit.

Table 30: Mixed zone specifications [1]

Max. resistance per zone circuit	40 Ω
Max. capacitance per zone circuit	500 nF
Nominal impedance	
Detector	160 Ω to 680 Ω $\pm 5\%$
Manual call point	100 Ω $\pm 5\%$
Detector alarm reference range	
Zone voltage	6.5 V to 14 V
Zone impedance	145 Ω to 680 Ω
Manual call point alarm reference range	
Zone voltage	3 V to 6.5 V
Zone impedance	75 Ω to 144 Ω
Short circuit reference range	
Zone voltage	< 3 V
Zone impedance	< 55 Ω

Open circuit reference range	
Zone impedance	> 8 k Ω
Zone device current consumption	$\leq$ 2.6 mA

[1] Mixed zones are not allowed on installations requiring EN 54-13 compliance or intrinsically-safe zones

Table 31: Automatic and manual zone specifications

	Standard / BS 5839-1	EN 54-13	Intrinsically safe [1]
Resistance per zone circuit	55 Ω max.	50 Ω max.	55 Ω max.
Capacitance per zone circuit	500 nF max.	500 nF max.	500 nF max.
Nominal alarm impedance	100 to 680 Ω $\pm$ 5%	100 to 520 Ω $\pm$ 5%	250 to 560 Ω $\pm$ 5%
Alarm reference range			
Zone voltage	3 to 14 V	3.1 to 16.9 V	12.8 to 17 V
Zone impedance	75 to 680 Ω	90 to 900 Ω	160 to 900 Ω
Short circuit reference range			
Zone voltage	< 3 V	< 3.1V	< 11.9 V
Zone impedance	< 55 Ω	< 50 Ω	< 80 Ω
Open circuit reference range			
Zone impedance	> 8 k Ω	N/A	> 11 k Ω
Zone device current draw	$\leq$ 2.6 mA	N/A	< 1.81 mA
Zone voltage	20.6 to 23.5 V	19.2 to 23.5 V	> 21.3 V
High impedance fault	N/A	16.9 to 17.2 V	N/A

[1] Values are referenced to panel zone input terminals.

Input and output specifications

Table 32: Unsupervised inputs

Cable resistance	
Activation input value	$\leq$ 9k Ω $\pm$ 10%
Deactivation input value	> 9k Ω $\pm$ 10%
Input type	Unsupervised, activated with a passive impedance (usually a relay contact)
Sourced current	1 mA max. (for activation with short circuit contact)
Voltage between terminals	28 V max. (for deactivation with open circuit)

Table 33: Supervised inputs [1]

Cable resistance	
Short circuit	$\leq 220\ \Omega$
Active	$< 220\ \Omega$ to $8\ \text{k}\Omega$
High-impedance fault	$< 8\ \text{k}\Omega$ to $10\ \text{k}\Omega$
Standby	$< 10\ \text{k}\Omega$ to $20\ \text{k}\Omega$
Open circuit	$> 20\ \text{k}\Omega$
Note: For EN 54-13 compliance, the active impedance should be from $220\ \Omega$ to $3.9\ \text{k}\Omega$.	
Sourced current	1 mA max. (for activation with short-circuit contact)
Voltage between terminals	28 V max. (for deactivation with open circuit)

[1] Fire routing acknowledgement inputs

Table 34: Output specifications

Output termination	
Class B outputs (default)	15 k Ω 5% end-of-line resistor
Class A outputs	4.7 k Ω 1/4W 1% end-of-line resistor
Sounder outputs [1]	
Supervised	For open and short circuit
Current per output (two-four-zone)	250 mA max.
Current per output (eight-zone)	500 mA max. at 25°C
	385 mA max. at 40°C
Voltage in standby (EN 54-13 disabled)	-11.5 VDC max.
Voltage in standby (EN 54-13 enabled)	-8.4 VDC max.
Voltage in alarm	+28 VDC max.
Fire routing outputs [1]	
Supervised	For open and short circuit
Current per output (four-zone)	250 mA max.
Current per output (eight-zone)	500 mA max. at 25°C
	385 mA max. at 40°C
Voltage in standby (EN 54-13 disabled)	-11.5 VDC max.
Voltage in standby (EN 54-13 enabled)	-8.4 VDC max.
Voltage in alarm	+28 VDC max.
Alarm relay output	
Number of potential-free outputs	1
Commutation current	2 A at 30 VDC max.
Fault relay output	
Number of potential-free outputs	1
Commutation current	2 A at 30 VDC max.
Default state	Energized (fail to safe)
Auxiliary 24 VDC output	
Voltage	24 VDC nominal
	28 VDC max.
	21 VDC min.
Current	250 mA max.

[1] The number of available outputs depends on the control panel model, supervision type, and operating mode. See “Operating mode presets” on page 78 for more information.

Power supply specifications

Table 35: Mains supply specifications

Operating voltage	110 VAC / 60 Hz or 240 VAC / 50 Hz
Rated current (two- and four-zone control panels)	
110 VAC	2 A
240 VAC	2 A
Rated current (eight-zone control panels)	
110 VAC	3.15 A
240 VAC	1.5 A
Voltage tolerance	+10% / -15%
Mains fuse	
110 VAC	T 3.15A 250V
240 VAC	T 2A 250V

Table 36: 24 VDC power supply specifications

Two- and four-zone control panels	
DC voltage	24 V
Rated current	2 A
Current range	0 to 2 A
Rated power	50 W
Voltage tolerance	±2%
Eight-zone control panel	
DC voltage	24 V
Rated current	4 A
Current range	0 to 4 A
Rated power	100 W
Voltage tolerance	±2%

Table 37: Batteries and battery charger specifications

Batteries	
Two- and four-zone control panels	2 x 7.2 Ah
Eight-zone control panel	2 x 7.2 Ah or 2 x 12 Ah
Battery type	Sealed lead-acid
Battery charger voltage	27.3 V at 20°C -36mV/°C
Battery charger current	
Two- and four-zone control panels	Max. 0.5 A
Eight-zone control panel	Max. 0.7 A
Out of service voltage level	< 22.75 V
No operation voltage level	< 21 V

Table 38: Control panel current consumption specifications (EN 54-4)

Min. current consumption (I _{min}) [1]	
Two-zone control panels	0.042 A
Four-zone control panels	0.051 A
Eight-zone control panels	0.069 A

Max. current consumption in standby (I_{max a})

Two-zone control panels	0.30 A
Four-zone control panels	0.30 A
Eight-zone control panels	0.39 A

Max. current consumption in alarm (I_{max b})

Two-zone control panels	1.57 A
Four-zone control panels	1.57 A
Eight-zone control panels	2.78 A

[1] No faults, no battery charging, with standard resistive EOL.

Mechanical and environmental specifications

Table 39: Mechanical specifications

Cabinet dimensions (no cover)	
Two- and four-zone control panels	300 × 97 × 402 mm
Eight-zone control panel	421 × 100 × 447 mm
Weight without batteries	
Two- and four-zone control panels	2.8 kg
Eight-zone control panel	3.9 kg
Number of cable knockouts	
Two- and four-zone control panels	14 x Ø 20 mm at top of cabinet 2 x Ø 20 mm at bottom of cabinet 12 x Ø 20 mm at rear of cabinet
Eight-zone control panel	20 x Ø 20 mm at top of cabinet 2 x Ø 20 mm at bottom of cabinet 26 x Ø 20 mm at rear of cabinet
IP rating	IP30

Table 40: Environmental specifications

Operating temperature	-5 to +40°C
Storage temperature	-20 to +70°C
Relative humidity	10 to 95% noncondensing
Type class conditions	3K5 of IEC 60721-3-3

For detailed cabinet drawings and dimensions, see “Cabinet drawings and dimensions” on page 72.

Fire network specifications

Table 41: Fire network specifications

Maximum distance between control panels	1.2 km
Maximum capacity	32 nodes and 64 zones
Communication protocol	Proprietary peer-to-peer protocol based on RS-485

Cabinet drawings and dimensions

Figure 21: Two- and four-zone cabinet with cover

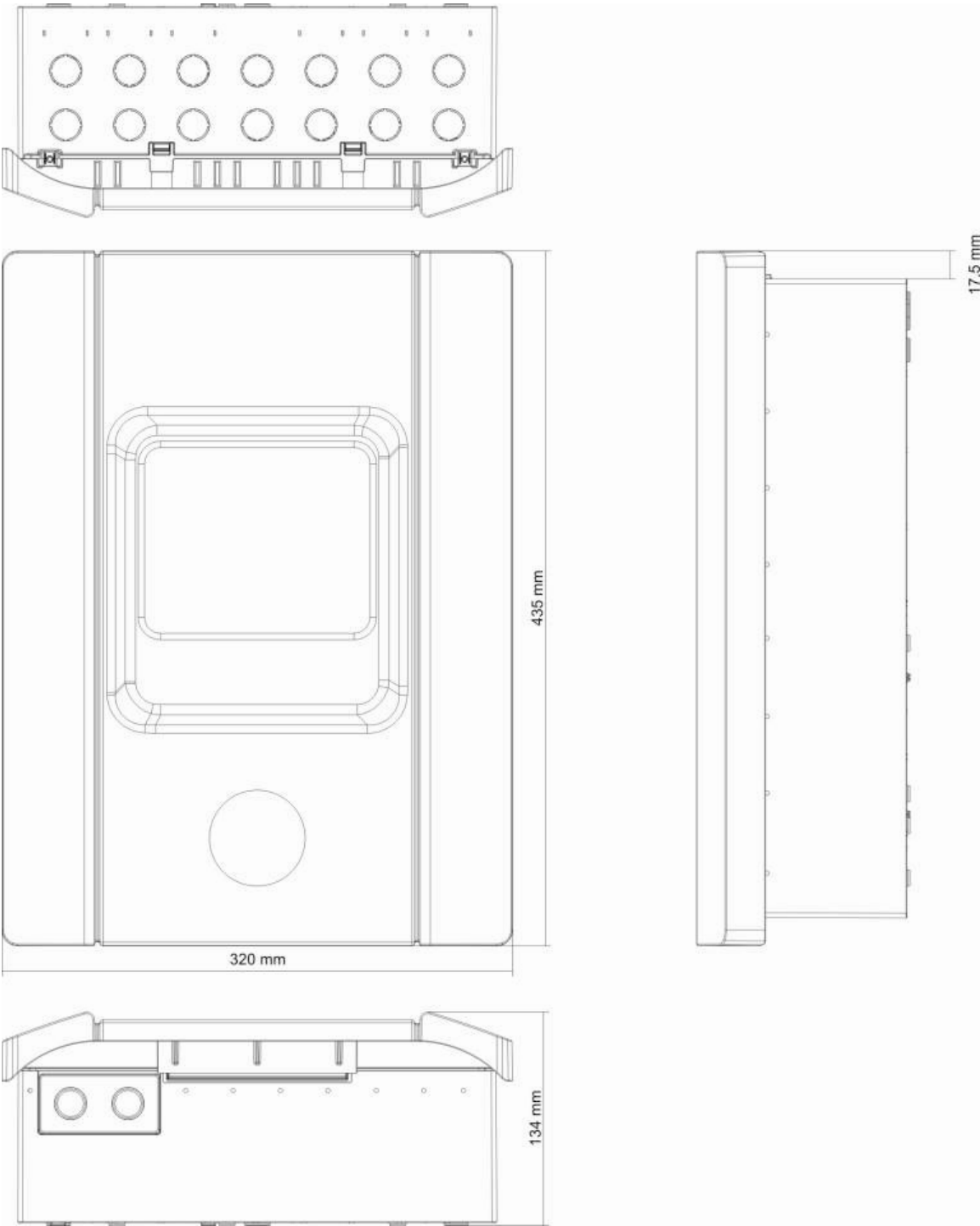


Figure 22: Two- and four-zone cabinet without cover

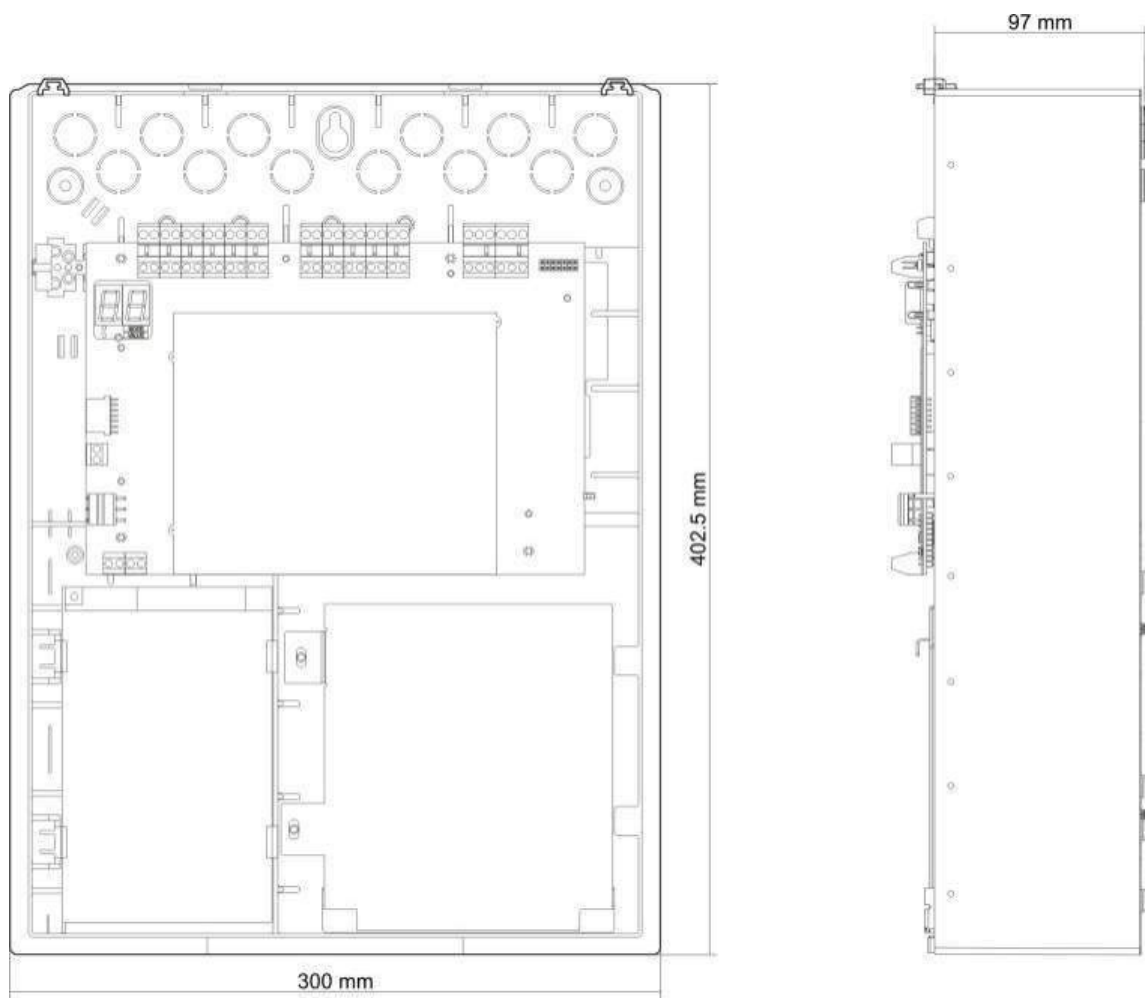


Figure 23: Eight-zone cabinet with cover

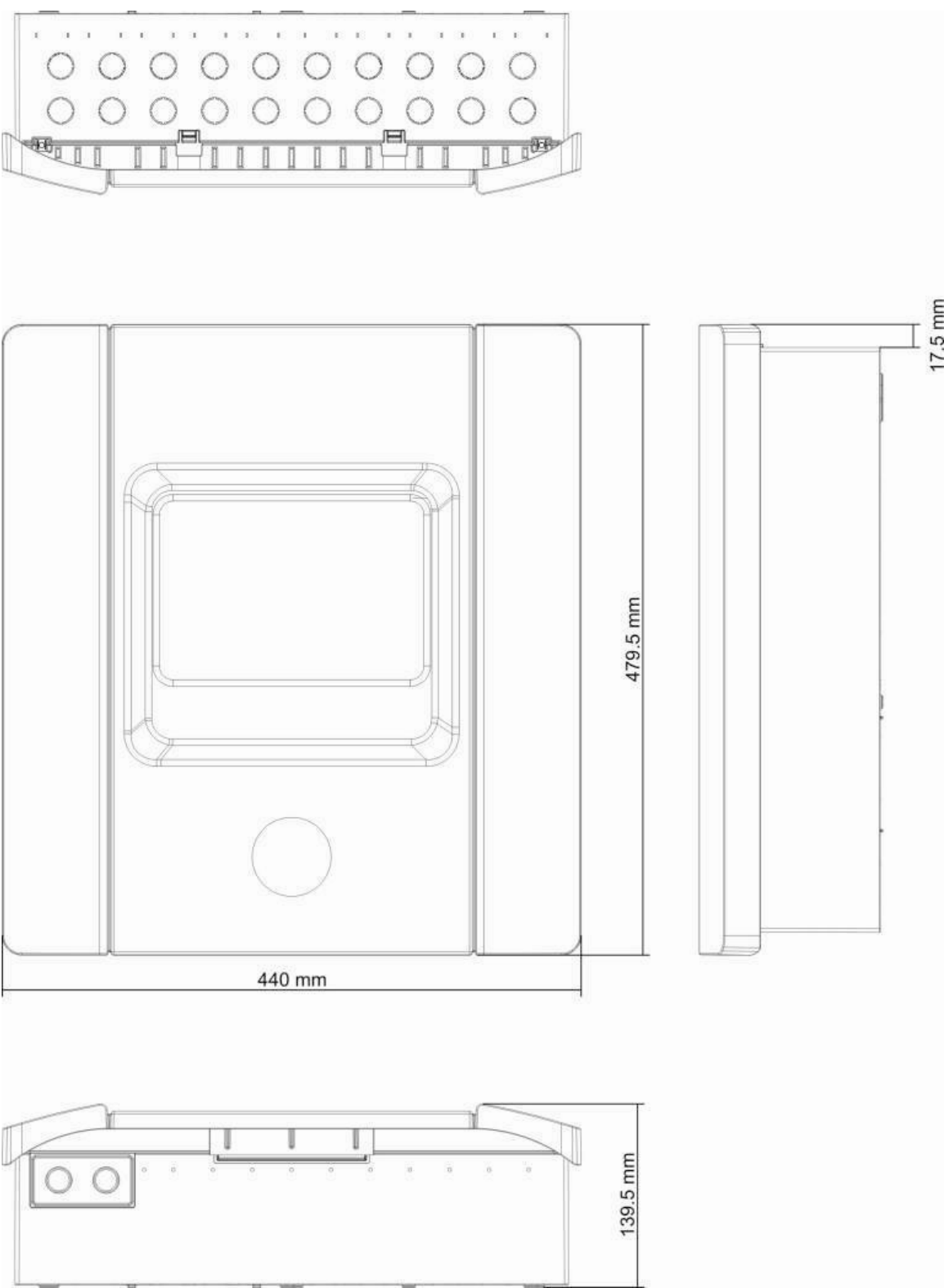
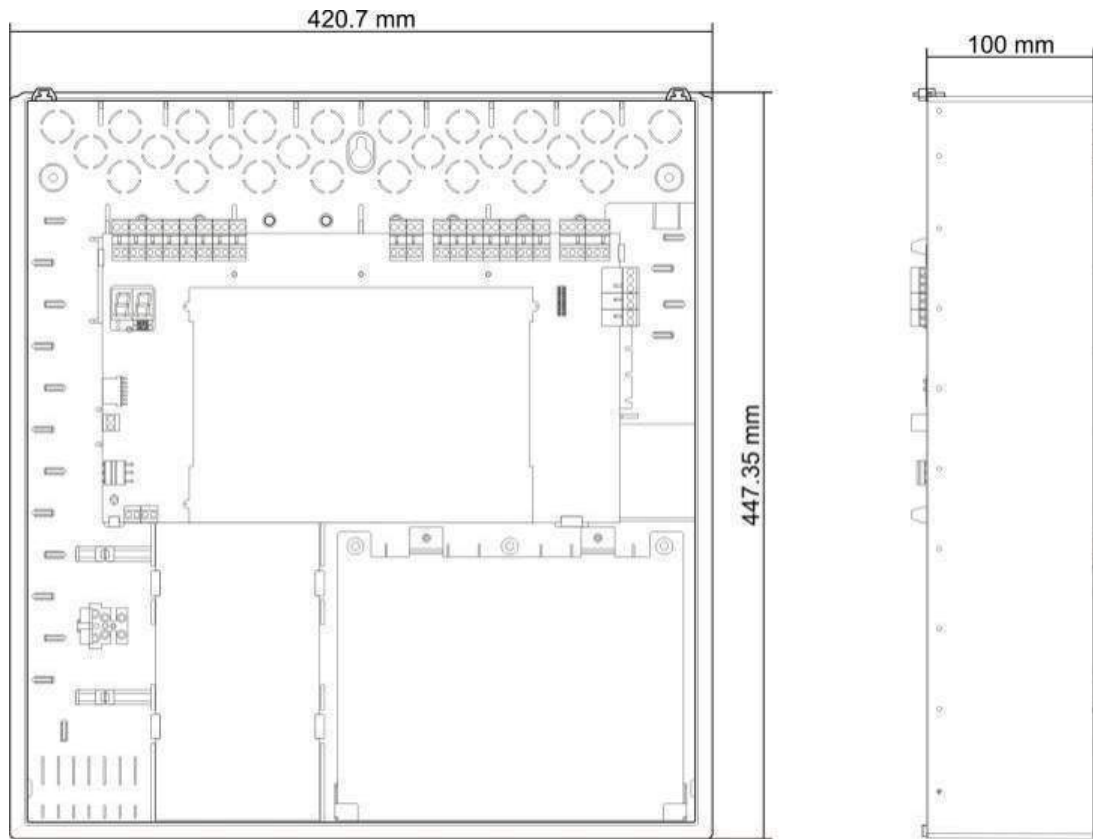


Figure 24: Eight-zone cabinet without cover

Appendix A

Configuration presets

Summary

This appendix includes detailed information on operating mode and expansion board configuration presets.

Content

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Operating mode presets

EN 54-2 presets

Table 42: Configuration presets

Preset	Control panel	EOL type	Output type	Sounder outputs	Fire routing outputs	Zone type
01	Two-zone	Passive	Class B	2	0	Mixed
01	Four-zone, eight-zone	Passive	Class B	3	1	Mixed
02	Two-zone	Passive, CleanMe enabled [1]	Class B	2	0	Mixed
02	Four-zone, eight-zone	Passive, CleanMe enabled [1]	Class B	3	1	Mixed
01	Two-zone	EN 54-13 supervision	Class A	1	0	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual
01	Four-zone, eight-zone	EN 54-13 supervision	Class A	1	1	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual

[1] The CleanMe feature is not available for Ziton devices.

Table 43: Additional configuration characteristics

Default sounder delay	0
Default fire routing delay	0
Default extended fire routing delay	0
Default zone delay	0n
Start/Restart sounders	Start sounders only if there is a fire alarm
Sounders Silence Disabled Time	1 minute

Table 44: Inputs and outputs

Input/Output	Standard	EN 54-13
INPUT1	Remote reset	Remote reset
INPUT2	Delays off	Delays off
OUT1	Sounder circuit	Sounder circuit
OUT2	Sounder circuit	
OUT3	Sounder circuit	Fire routing
OUT4	Fire routing	

Note: Two-zone control panels have only two outputs with EN 54-13 disabled (OUT1 and OUT2) or a single output with EN 54-13 enabled (OUT1/2).

EN 54-2 Evacuation

Table 45: Configuration presets

Preset	Control panel	EOL type	Output type	Sounder outputs	Zone type
05	Two-zone	Passive	Class B	2	Mixed
05	Four-zone, eight-zone	Passive	Class B	4	Mixed
06	Two-zone	Passive, CleanMe enabled [1]	Class B	2	Mixed
06	Four-zone, eight-zone	Passive, CleanMe enabled [1]	Class B	4	Mixed
05	Two-zone	EN 54-13 supervision	Class A	1	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual
05	Four-zone, eight-zone	EN 54-13 supervision	Class A	2	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual

[1] The CleanMe feature is not available for Zitron devices.

Table 46: Additional configuration characteristics

Default sounder delay	0
Default zone delay	0n
Start/Restart sounders	Start sounders or restart stopped sounders at user level 2 with fire alarm event

Table 47: Inputs and outputs

Input/Output	Standard	EN 54-13
INPUT1	Remote reset	Remote reset
INPUT2	Delays off	Delays off
OUT1	Sounder circuit	Sounder circuit
OUT2	Sounder circuit	
OUT3	Sounder circuit	Sounder circuit
OUT4	Sounder circuit	

Note: Two-zone control panels have only two outputs with EN 54-13 disabled (OUT1 and OUT2) or a single output with EN 54-13 enabled (OUT1/2).

EN 54-2 Scandinavia

Table 48: Configuration presets

Preset	Control panel	EOL type	Output type	Sounder outputs	Fire routing outputs	Zone type
07	Two-zone	Passive	Class B	2	0	Mixed
07	Four-zone, eight-zone	Passive	Class B	3	1	Mixed
08	Two-zone	Passive, CleanMe enabled [1]	Class B	2	0	Mixed
08	Four-zone, eight-zone	Passive, CleanMe enabled [1]	Class B	3	1	Mixed
07	Two-zone	EN 54-13 supervision	Class A	1	0	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual
07	Four-zone, eight-zone	EN 54-13 supervision	Class A	1	1	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual

[1] The CleanMe feature is not available for Ziton devices.

Table 49: Additional configuration characteristics

Default sounder delay	0
Default fire routing delay	1
Default extended fire routing delay	3
Default zone delay	0n
Start/Restart sounders	Start sounders or restart stopped sounders at Operator user level with or without a fire alarm event

Table 50: Inputs and outputs

Input/Output	Standard	EN 54-13
INPUT1 (Two-zone control panel)	Remote reset	Remote reset
INPUT1 (Four- and eight-zone control panels)	Fire routing delay / extended fire routing delay	Fire routing delay / extended fire routing delay
INPUT2	Delays off	Delays off
OUT1	Sounder circuit	Sounder circuit
OUT2	Sounder circuit	
OUT3	Sounder circuit	Fire routing
OUT4	Fire routing	

Note: Two-zone control panels have only two outputs with EN 54-13 disabled (OUT1 and OUT2) or a single output with EN 54-13 enabled (OUT1/2).

BS 5839-1

Table 51: Configuration presets

Preset	Control panel	EOL type	Output type	Sounder outputs [1]	Zone type
11	Two-zone	Active	Class B	2 (stage 1 “Alert”)	Mixed
11	Four-zone, eight-zone	Active	Class B	4 (stage 1 “Alert”)	Mixed
12	Two-zone	Active, CleanMe enabled [2]	Class B	2 (stage 1 “Alert”)	Mixed
12	Four-zone, eight-zone	Active, CleanMe enabled [2]	Class B	4 (stage 1 “Alert”)	Mixed
13	Two-zone	Active	Class B	2 (stage 2 “Evacuation”)	Mixed
13	Four-zone, eight-zone	Active	Class B	4 (stage 2 “Evacuation”)	Mixed
14	Two-zone	Active, CleanMe enabled [2]	Class B	2 (stage 2 “Evacuation”)	Mixed
14	Four-zone, eight-zone	Active, CleanMe enabled [2]	Class B	4 (stage 2 “Evacuation”)	Mixed

[1] Stage 1 “Alert”: sounders off during any configured sounder delay.

Stage 2 “Evacuation”: sounders intermittent during any configured sounder delay.

[2] The CleanMe feature is not available for Zitron devices.

Table 52: Additional configuration characteristics

Default sounder delay	0
Default zone delay	0n
Start/Restart sounders	Start sounders or restart stopped sounders at Operator user level with or without a fire alarm event

Table 53: Inputs and outputs

INPUT1	Class change
INPUT2	Delays off
OUT1	Sounder circuit
OUT2	Sounder circuit
OUT3	Sounder circuit
OUT4	Sounder circuit

Note: Two-zone control panels have only two outputs with EN 54-13 disabled (OUT1 and OUT2) or a single output with EN 54-13 enabled (OUT1/2).

NBN S 21-100

Table 54: Configuration presets

Preset	Control panel	EOL type	Output type	Warning sounder outputs	Evacuation sounder outputs	Zone type
21	Four-zone, eight-zone	Passive	Class B	2	2	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual
22	Four-zone, eight-zone	Passive, CleanMe enabled [1]	Class B	2	2	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual
21	Four-zone, eight-zone	EN 54-13 supervision	Class A	1	1	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual

[1] The CleanMe feature is not available for Ziton devices.

Table 55: Additional configuration characteristics

Default sounder delay	0 minutes
Default zone delay	ON
Start/Restart sounders	Start sounders or restart stopped sounders at user level 2 with or without a fire alarm event

Table 56: Inputs and outputs

Input/Output	Standard	EN 54-13
INPUT1	Remote reset	Remote reset
INPUT2	Delays off	Delays off
OUT1	Evacuation sounders	Evacuation sounders
OUT2	Evacuation sounders	
OUT3	Warning sounders	Warning sounders
OUT4	Warning sounders	

Note: Two-zone control panels have only two outputs with EN 54-13 disabled (OUT1 and OUT2) or a single output with EN 54-13 enabled (OUT1/2).

NEN 2535

Table 57: Configuration presets

Preset	Control panel	EOL type	Output type	Sounder outputs	Fire routing outputs	Zone type
31	Four-zone, eight-zone	Passive	Class B	2	2	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual
31	Four-zone, eight-zone	EN 54-13 supervision	Class A	1	1	Odd: Automatic Even: Manual

Table 58: Additional configuration characteristics

Default fire routing delay	1 minute
Default extended fire routing delay	3 minutes
Default zone delay	ON
Start/Restart sounders	Start sounders only if there is a fire alarm

Table 59: Inputs and outputs

Input/Output	Standard	EN 54-13
INPUT1	Fire routing inhibit delay	Fire routing acknowledgement (type 1, 100 seconds)
INPUT2	Delays off	Fault warning output open supervision
OUT1	Sounder circuit	Sounder circuit
OUT2	Sounder circuit	
OUT3	Fire routing (automatic)	Fire routing
OUT4	Fire routing (manual)	

Note: A supervised expansion board is required for fire protection and fault warning outputs. An additional (optional) supervised expansion board may be installed for individual automatic and manual fire routing outputs.

Expansion board presets

The following tables include the display settings for relay and supervised output expansion board configuration presets.

Table 60: Expansion board zone configuration with EN 54-13 supervision disabled

Display	Zone	Output	Delay	Display	Zone	Output	Delay
01	1	1	Yes	15	1 and 2	1	Yes
	2	2	Yes		3 and 4	2	Yes
	3	3	Yes		5 and 6	3	Yes
	4	4	Yes		7 and 8	4	Yes
02	5	1	Yes	17	1, 2, 3, or 4	1	Yes
	6	2	Yes			2	Yes
	7	3	Yes		5, 6, 7, or 8	3	Yes
	8	4	Yes			4	Yes
05	1	1	Yes	18	1 and 2	1	Yes
		2	Yes			2	Yes
	2	3	Yes		3 and 4	3	Yes
		4	Yes			4	Yes
06	3	1	Yes	19	5 and 6	1	Yes
		2	Yes			2	Yes
	4	3	Yes		7 and 8	3	Yes
		4	Yes			4	Yes
07	5	1	Yes	20	1 or 2	1	Yes
		2	Yes			2	Yes
	6	3	Yes		3 or 4	3	Yes
		4	Yes			4	Yes
08	7	1	Yes	21	5 or 6	1	Yes
		2	Yes			2	Yes
	8	3	Yes		7 or 8	3	Yes
		4	Yes			4	Yes
13	1 or 2	1	Yes				
	3 or 4	2	Yes				
	5 or 6	3	Yes				
	7 or 8	4	Yes				

Table 61: Expansion board event configuration with EN 54-13 supervision disabled

Display	Event	Output	Delay	Display	Event	Output	Delay
24	Alarm	1-4	No	33	Buzzer on	1	No

Display	Event	Output	Delay	Display	Event	Output	Delay
25	Fault	1-4	No			2	No
26	Alarm	1-2	No		Reset on	3	No
	Fault	3-4	No			4	No
27	Alarm	1	No	34 [2]	Fire Routing (Auto)	1	No
	Fault	2	No			2	No
	Buzzer on	3	No		Fire routing (Manual)	3	No
	Reset	4	No			4	No
29	Fault [1]	1-4	No	35 [2]	Fire routing	1	No
30	Alarm	1-2	No			2	No
	Fault [1]	3-4	No		Fault warning output [3]	3	No
31	Alarm	1	No		Fault [1]	4	No
	Fault [1]	2	No	36 [4]	Remote RB/SBx.01 output activation [4]	1	No
	Buzzer on	3	No		Remote RB/SBx.02 output activation [4]	2	No
	Reset on	4	No		Remote RB/SBx.02 output activation [4]	2	No
32 [2]	Fire protection	1	No		Remote RB/SBx.04 output activation [4]	4	No
		2	No				
	Fault warning output [3]	3	No				
	Fault [1]	4	No				

[1] Fail-safe mode: output is active when there is no fault.

[2] These presets are only available for 2010-1-SB supervised expansion boards.

[3] NEN 2535 only. Fault warning output open supervision (subject to input configuration).

[4] RB/SBx is the expansion board x. For two-zone and four-zone panels, x can be 1 or 2. For eight-zone and evacuation panels, x can be 1, 2, 3 or 4.

Configuration 36 is only possible when the Network Remote Output Control option (nO) is set and it is then configured by default.

Table 62: Expansion board sounder circuit configuration with EN 54-13 supervision disabled [1]

Display	Events	Output	Delay
90 [2]	Evacuation sounders	1	No
		2	No
	Warning sounders	3	No
		4	No
91	Sounders (Evacuation sounders for NBN S 21-100)	1	No
		2	No
		3	No
		4	No
92 [2]	Warning sounders	1	No
		2	No
		3	No
		4	No

[1] These presets are only available for supervised expansion boards.

[2] NBN S 21-100 only

Table 63: Expansion board zone configuration with EN 54-13 supervision enabled

Display	Zone	Outputs	Delay	Display	Zone	Outputs	Delay
05	1	1 and 2	Yes	18	1 and 2	1 and 2	Yes
	2	3 and 4	Yes		3 and 4	3 and 4	Yes
06	3	1 and 2	Yes	19	5 and 6	1 and 2	Yes
	4	3 and 4	Yes		7 and 8	3 and 4	Yes
07	5	1 and 2	Yes	20	1 or 2	1 and 2	Yes
	6	3 and 4	Yes		3 or 4	3 and 4	Yes
08	7	1 and 2	Yes	21	5 or 6	1 and 2	Yes
	8	3 and 4	Yes		7 or 8	3 and 4	Yes
17	1, 2, 3 or 4	1 and 2	Yes				
	5, 6, 7, or 8	3 and 4	Yes				

Table 64: Expansion board event configuration with EN 54-13 supervision enabled

Display	Event	Outputs	Delay	Display	Event	Outputs	Delay
24	Alarm	1 and 2, 3 and 4	No	32 [2]	Fire protection	1 and 2	No
					Fault warning output [3]	3	
					Fault [1], [5]	4	
25	Fault	1 and 2	No	33	Buzzer on	1 and 2	No

Display	Event	Outputs	Delay	Display	Event	Outputs	Delay
		3 and 4			Reset on	3 and 4	
26	Alarm	1 and 2	No	34 [2]	Fire routing (auto)	1 and 2	No
	Fault	3 and 4			Fire routing (manual)	3 and 4	
29	Fault [1]	1 and 2	No	35 [2]	Fire routing	1 and 2	No
		3 and 4			Fault warning output [3]	3	
					Fault [5]	4	
30	Alarm	1 and 2	No	36 [4]	Remote RB/SBx.01-02 output activation	1 and 2	No
	Fault [1]	3 and 4			Remote RB/SBx.03-04 output activation	3 and 4	

[1] Fail-safe mode: output is active when there is no fault.

[2] These presets are only available for 2010-1-SB supervised expansion boards.

[3] NEN 2535 only. Fault warning output open supervision (subject to input configuration).

[4] RB/SBx is the expansion board x. For two-zone and four-zone panels, x can be 1 or 2. For 8 zone and evacuation panels, x can be 1, 2, 3 or 4.

Configuration 36 is only possible when the Network Remote Output Control option (nO) is set and it is then configured by default

[5] Not compliant to EN54-13.

Table 65: Expansion board sounder circuit configuration with EN 54-13 supervision enabled [1]

Display	Events	Output	Delay
90 [2]	Evacuation sounders	1 and 2	No
	Warning sounders	3 and 4	No
91	Sounders (or Evacuation sounders for NBN S 21-100)	1 and 2 or 3 and 4	No
92 [2]	Warning sounders	1 and 2 or 3 and 4	No

[1] These presets are only available for supervised expansion boards.

[2] NBN S 21-100 only

Appendix B

Product compliance

Summary

This appendix contains regulatory information that applies to your control panel.

Content

European standards 90

Construction Products Directive (CPD) 91

European standards

European standards for fire control and indicating equipment

These control panels have been designed in accordance with European EN 54-2, EN 54-4, BS 5839-1, NBN S 21-100, and NEN 2535 standards.

In addition, all models comply with the following EN 54-2 optional requirements.

Table 66: European standards

Option	Description
7.8	Output to fire alarm devices Note: inputs and outputs on the optional 2010-1-SB expansion board do not support the optional requirement of EN 54-2 clause 7.8 and should not to be used for fire alarm devices.
7.9.1	Output to fire alarm routing equipment [1]
7.9.2	Alarm confirmation input from fire alarm routing equipment [1]
7.10	Output to fire protection equipment (type A) [2]
7.11	Delays to outputs
7.13	Alarm counter [3]
8.4	Total loss of the power supply
8.9	Output to fault warning routing equipment [2]
10	Test condition

[1] Excluding two-zone models.

[2] NEN 2535 operating mode only.

[3] Dutch models only.

European standards for electrical safety and electromagnetic compatibility

These control panels have been designed in accordance with the following European standards for electrical safety and electromagnetic compatibility:

- EN 60950-1
- EN 50130-4
- EN 61000-6-3
- EN 61000-3-2
- EN 61000-3-3

EN 54-13 European compatibility assessment of system components

These control panels form part of a certified system as described by the EN 54-13 Standard when installed and configured for EN 54-13 operation as described by the manufacturer in the corresponding installation documentation.

Contact your installation or maintenance contractor to determine if your fire system is compliant with this standard.

Construction Products Directive (CPD)

Certification	CE
Certification body	0832
Certificate numbers	
ZP1-F2, ZP1-F2-SC	0832-CPD-1561
ZP1-F4, ZP1-F4-NL, ZP1-F4-SC	0832-CPD-1562
ZP1-F8, ZP1-F8-NL, ZP1-F8-SC	0832-CPD-1563
Year of manufacture	The year and day of manufacture, in the format YYDDD, is included in the first five digits of your product serial number (located on the product identification label)
Manufacturer	UTC Fire & Security (Africa), 555 Voortrekker Road, Maitland, Cape Town 7405, PO Box 181 Maitland, South Africa. Authorized EU manufacturing representative: UTC Fire & Security B.V. Kelvinstraat 7, 6003 DH Weert, Netherlands.

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